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State Library Harrisburg

Reasons Why You Should Vote for Hon, Josiah Howard.

Voters of Cameron county!

Let us reason, each with the other. You will be called upon next Tuesday to exercise your contitutional right and cast your ballots for a candidate for Representative in the General Assembly at Harrisburg. You should, to be honest with yourself and your families, cast that ballot for a man well fitted by experience in public affairs, business enterprises of our county and a gentleman broad enough to legislate for the entire county, as well as the state. We believe you will, if you stop to reason honestly and unbiased, for the good of the county, decide to give your ballot to Hon. Josiah Howard, whose long experience in legislative affairs eminently fits him to represent your interests. His high standing throughout the state with men of influence, who promote successful business enterprises, has already turned attention to Cameron county and many thousands of dollars are paid the wage-earners of Cameron county every two week. Being closely allied with several home industries, he labors hard and incessantly to extend and enlarge our institutions of labor, and happiness and good cheer to our homes and firesides, broad in views, charitable almost to a fault, an honest christian gentleman, who is proud of little Cameron county, he is entitled to your votes next Tuesday. It does not matter what your political principles may be, you should give Hon. Josiah Howard a complimentary vote for the great good he has accomplished for our county. Ponder well and be honest with yourselves. Then we fear not the result of your reasoning.

Oxygen as Oxyoline.

Unless the blood is pure, vigorous and well circulated, perfect health is impossible. There are other essentials, but this condition is a pre-requisite. A large proportion of blood impurities can be justly charged to under-oxidation. Defective circulation, even more frequently, may be attributed to the same cause.

Leading authorities agree that the blood depends directly upon oxygen for the quality and power to render it the most effective foe of bacteria and toxines. It follows, then, that infection and disease (to a large extent) will not prevail unless the blood should fall below normal in oxygen or the blood supply become impeded.

Failure to supply the human organism with a sufficient amount of oxygen disturbs all its functions. Animal heat undergoes a decided change; secretions are profoundly altered; circulation languishes; assimilation of nutritive materials is arrested and functions are imperfectly performed. A man may live many days without food or water, whereas, deprived of oxygen, he can live but a few minutes.

In order, then, to relieve many diseases which are the direct or remote results of oxygen famine, oxygen in some concentrated form would be the indicated remedy. It is a matter of general knowledge that oxyoline, which is modified ozone, is oxygen in an allotrophic form. It is pure oxygen whose qualities are intensified, and made more active in relieving the indicated disordered conditions of the human organization.

R. P. HEILMAN, M. D.

Nov. 2, 1910.

Farmers' Institutes.

The famers of this county will be interested to learn that there will be held this year a series of Farmers' Institutes at: Sinnamahoning, on Wednesday, Nov. 30th. Sterling Run, on Thursday, Dec. 1st. Rich Valley, on Friday, Dec. 2nd. Sizerville, on Saturday, Dec. 3rd. Truman, on Saturday, Dec. 3rd.

A number of instructors from other parts of the State will be present to join with the farmers of this locality in the discussion of topics relative to agriculture. These meetings are free and open to all, and we have no doubt the farmers of this county will avail themselves of the advantages to be gained by attending these meetings.

Dancing School.

Dancing school will be conducted in the Theatorium Hall every Friday evening, immediately following the performances. Admission will be thirty-five (35) cents.

An Election Sermon.

An election sermon will be preached in the First Methodist Episcopal church next Sunday evening by the pastor. Subject: "Good Rulers Necessary to Good Goverment."

The ladies of the Presbyterian Church will hold a Rummage Sale in the Bazaar, commencing Tuesday, Nov. 1st, 1910.

Re-Union and Banquet.

Last Thursday evening, the teachers of Cameron county, who have attended Clarion State Normal School, held a re-union and banquet. This was the first one to be given, but the good times will probably be renewed each year. There are twenty-seven eligible for membership in the county and out of this fifteen were present last Thursday evening. The banquet was prepared by Seger & Company and was served in their popular parlors. The following good things were served:

Grape Fruit Cocktail
Tomato Bouillon, Saltines
Celery Olives
Oyster Patty, Cranberry Sauce
Potato Croquettes, Green Peas
Bread and Butter
Fruit Salad, Wafers
Ice Cream
Lady Fingers Macaroons
Coffee Bon Bons

Mrs. Seger, who has an excellent reputation as a cook, certainly was up to her high mark of excellence and and every one in atttenddance were loud in her praise. After the banquet, Prof. R. Howard Edgar, principal of the East Ward School, acting as toast master, made a few remarks and called for speeches, to which all responded. Guests at the reunion were Miss Mattie M. Collins, County Superintendant of Schools, Prof. J. George Becht, Principal of the Clarion State Normal School and Prof. F. H. Green, of the West Chester Normal School. Others in attendance were the Misses Blanche Ludlam, Flora Schlecht, Carolyn Lechner, Anna Welsh, Mayme Farrell, Jane Glenn, Lora McQuay, Bessie McQuay, Ruby Heideick, Margaret Weisenfluh, of Emporium; Miss Rose Lawson, Beechwood; Miss Sarah McCaslin, Hicks Run and Leatha Victory, Sizerville; Prof. R. H. Edgar, principal of the East Ward School, of Emporium and Prof. E. J. Metz, Principal of the Shippen Township Schools. At the close of the festivities of the evening the old and popular song, "Auld Lang Syne" was rendered by the entire company, with Miss Bessie McQuay as pianist. The affair was certainly a huge success in every way and was heartily enjoyed by all present.

"The Arrival of Kitty."

The most successful of all comedies, "The Arrival of Kitty" will be the offering at the Emporium Opera House, for Saturday night, Nov. 5th. No production in recent years has attained such immense popularity and if genuine novelty of plot, ingenuity of treatment, together with an acting, singing and dancing company of theatrical favorites count for anything in the make-up of a succesful comedy production, no wonder "The Arrival of Kitty" has been so successful. The comedy is far superior to anything that has been seen here and contains an abundance of genuine wit and humor that is irresistible and contains more hearty laughs, pleasing experiences, song hits, captivating music than are usually found in comedy offerings. No attraction has been booked by the local management for the season with a more famous reputation and the success of this production having now become familiar to well posted theatre-goers it seems only reasonable o presume that the opera house will be taxed to its capacity when this delightful mixture of fun, music and mirth is presented.

Rough But True.

The kickers on the farm are not so hard to get along with as the kickers in town. On the farm there is the kicking cow, and our long eared friend, the mule, while in town there is the old mossback who wants all the municipal improvements without paying for them. The cow may be sold for beef, the mule traded for a shot gun, but nothing but a funeral will get rid of the town kicker.

Emporium Lyceum Course.

The young people of the Baptist and Presbyterian Churches take pleasure in introducing to the people of the town, Mr. Fred Emerson Brooks, who will deliver the first lecture in the course Friday evening, Nov. 4, at the opera house. It is to be hoped that a large number of people will patronize this course.

Card of Thanks

EDITOR PRESS:—

We desire to express our appreciation of the kindness manifested by our good Emporium friends upon the occasion of the burial of our dear mother, Mrs. Isabella F. Ingram. Especially are we grateful to Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Logan for their great consideration and kindness.

MR. AND MRS. ROBERT WRIGHT AND FAMILY,
Oil City, Pa, Nov. 1st, 1910.

Successful Season.

Messrs. W. H. G. Walker and D. H. Robertson, of the Penn Vitrified Brick Company, at Cameron, Pa., were business callers at the county seat during the past week. The Penn Vitrified Brick Company, of which Mr. Walker is the manager and Mr. Robertson, superintendent, has just closed the most successful season since the starting of operations of the Company. During the month of October 136 car loads of brick were shipped. The popularity of "Calder" Brick is rapidly increasing.

Progressive Cross Country Hike.

This (Thusday) evening, Miss Marion Rentz, Vice President of the Union Friendly Society, will entertain the Society with a Progressive Cross Country Hike party. The hike will start from the home of Miss Rentz and the first station will be the pavillion at Keystone Park. The second the Broad Street Bridge, the third to Spring St., the fourth up Spring Street to the road that joins Spring Street and Fifth St.,; thence down the road to the Free Methodist Church and from there the fifth hike will be the return to the home of Miss Rentz. Refreshments will then be served. Many new and novel ideas will be tried in finding partners for each hike. In all probability this party will be very enjoyable as it is the first of the kind to be given in Emporium. During the ramble each couple will carry a lantern made from berry baskets.

Installation of Pastor.

Last Tuesday evening, the Rev. R. H. Bent, the newly elected pastor of the Presbyterian Church, was installed as pastor of the church. The Rev. Mr. Graybill, of St. Marys, preached the sermon and delivered the charge to the new pastor. The Rev. Mr. Cook, of Renovo, delivered the charge to the congregration. Rev. M. L. Tate, Rector of Emmanuel Episcopal Church, read the lesson and the Rev. J. F. Anderson, pastor of the M. E. Church, offered the prayer. The choir, under the direction of Hon. I. K. Hockley, rendered special music. At the close of the services the ladies of the congregation gave a reception for the new pastor and the visiting clergymen and friends, refreshments being served. The church was decorated very prettily for the occasion. Rev. Bent and his estimable wife have made many friends while in Emporium since their arrival here and we hope their stay in Emporium will be profitable for themselves as well as for the church and the people of the town.

"The Arrival of Kitty."

A brand new farce comedy and one that is credited with being the best that has been produced in a long time will be presented at the Emporium Opera House on Saturday evening, Nov. 5th. The play is under the management of Doherty-Collins & Co., who have given it a very pretty mounting and provided a cast of unusual excellence, headed by that sterling actor Mr. Hal Johnson and Florence Forest.

Opening of New Clinton.

Last Monday evening the opening of the New Clinton Hotel, at Renovo, took place and was a decided success. Mr. W. H. Smith, proprietor of the New Warner at this place, is the manager of this new hotel. He will be assisted by Mr E. E. Breene, formerly clerk at The Warner. Mr. Harry Anderson, the former night clerk at The Warner, has been selected, as day clerk at this popular hotel and Chas. Robinson, formerly bell boy has taken the position as night clerk. Messrs. Smith and Breene will look after the New Clinton, while Mrs. H. W. Smith, who is a very competent hotel lady, with the assistance of Mr. Anderson, will conduct The Warner.

Third Anniversary.

This week, Friday and Saturday, Mr. R. Kuehne, proprietor of the popular Fourth street Department Store, celebrates their Third Anniversary with special good cheer for their hosts of Cameron county patrons. The wonderful success of Mr. Kuehne's establishmeht has resulted in the up-building of trade for Emporium, stimulated other merchants to brush up and strive to draw more trade to our county. What Mr. Kuehne has accomplished, others can do and none will more cordially assist than this public spirited citizen. It is hoped our citizens will, one and all, remember this accasion and call at "The Greatest Store in Cameron County."

Taking Their Medicine.

Jack Gaynor and Geo. Lee, alias Gunner Lee, who were given 2½ to 10 years sentence at last Court, for burglary will have to serve at least seven years. Sheriff Norris landed them in the Penitentiary, where they are "taking their medicine."

For Sale.

A sewing machine with all attachments and a wood stove, both in good condition. Inquire of P. O. Box 34.

Eastern Star Notice.

The members of the Order of Eastern Star are requested to be present at a meeting to be held next Friday evening.

A reduction of 50 per cent. will be made on all stationery now on hand.

DODSON'S DRUG STORE.

Who helps to give us numerous pay rolls?

Hon. Josiah Howard.

Swell in appearance, little in cost and nice to write on—three good points in favor of our stationery now offered at 50 per cent reduction.

DODSON'S DRUG STORE.

Whom should we elect this fall?

Hon. Josiah Howard.

Mark This, Mr. Voter!

IT IS the same old fight in Pennsylvania this year. The protective tariff is at stake. Democrats hope to win congress. To do so they must have help from Pennsylvania. Free traders have combined with Democrats to elect W. H. Berry, a Bryan Democrat, governor. They calculate that by defeating John K. Tener, the Republican candidate, they will sweep into Congress more Democratic members from Pennsylvania. Lower tariff means lower wages and closed factories. Lower wages and closed factories means Wilson bill times, with soup houses, relief committees, paralization of business, and suffering. Republicans, be on your guard! Vote straight! Vote Republican! Vote for American mills and American wages! This is the real issue. Mark it, and don't forget it.

Letters from the People.

All communications under this head must be accompanied by the writer's name. We will not be held responsible for any expression in this department.—EDITOR.

Some Reasons for Voting for Hon. Josiah Howard.

EDITOR PRESS:—Cameroy county is fortunate in again having the privilege of sending the Hon. Josiah Howard to the State Legislature. There are few men as able and with as large business interests as Mr. Howard, who are willing to spare the time to serve the county and state.

Mr. Howard is a public spirited man. He has shown his interest in Emporium and Cameron county, in many ways. All know of his large benefactions, but few know how many poor families he has aided in the time of sickness and distress.

He is a practical man and does not promise to do impossible things, but tries to do what can be done. Many a man in Mr. Howard's position, in order to win votes, would make large promises—promises which he knows he cannot keep, but Mr. Howard prefers to remain an honest man and does not make promises which he cannot make good.

As a progressive man, Mr. Howard stands for better laws, better schools, better churches and a prosperous town and counnty. He is up-to-date and is willing to give his thought, his time and of his means to help along everything he thinks will better the condition of our people. An experienced legislator, he has had valuable experience in practical legislation and will be of far more value to his county and State than a green, inexperienced Representative, no matter how able, who lacks in experience. It is simply a fact that a new member of the legislature cannot secure legislation, no matter how anxious he may be to do so. He don't know how. Mr. Howard is a christian man. He is guided by christian principles, therefore the people can safely trust their interests in his hands—and we believe they will do so.

OBSERVER.

Shippen, Nov. 1st, 1910.

At Emporium Opera House,

"The Arrival of Kitty" conceded by press and public to be the best and brightest comedy production now on tour is the offering at the Emporium Opera House for Saturday evening, Nov. 5th. The comedy has been called a comedy cocktail which seems a befitting description as the performance is bright, lively, snappy and entrancing and local theatre-goers who relish tuneful music bright dialogue presented an excellent cast of players, together with magnificent scenery and gorgeous costumes may look forward to a most satisfying entertainment. The story of "The Arrival of Kitty" is one of numorous complications and the interest never lags but holds the attention of the auditor to the final curtain. The novelty of the plot together with the ingenuity of treatment and the bright dialogue are the magnets that possess the attributes that go to make this entertainment popular with theatre-goers.

Pleasant Time.

The marriage of Miss Anna Woodson, of Kane, and Mr. Pompey Scott, of Emporium, took place at Kane on Monday morning, at the residence of the bride's mother. The happy couple arrived in Emporium on noon Flyer, and were met at Broad Street Station by a jolly crowd of friends with bells and gongs. A reception was given them during the evening by the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Scott, many friends showering congratulations on the happy couple.

Severe Loss.

Daniel Kriner, of Whittemore Hill, employed at the Emporium Powder works, met with a severe loss, Monday evening. After returning from his work his barn caught fire by some unaccountable cause, destroying his entire season's crop, including his potatoes, etc., entailing a loss of several hundred dollars. The barn was located a short disance from his house. The barn was a total loss. This is a severe blow to Mr. Kriner, who has a large family and is a poor man. He had no insurance.

Mountaineer Hose Ball.

This old and efficient Hose Company will hold their annual ball and reception at the opera house, Thanksgiving evening, Nov. 24th. The popular Germania Orchestra has been engaged for the occasion. The M. H. boys always put up a grand ball and this year will be an exception. The PRESS job rooms are now at work on their printing and that will be neat and up to date. Don't forget the date—Nov. 24th and purchase a ticket early.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

WEISENFLUH.

Miss Kate, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Weisenfluh, died last Monday morning, October 31st, at eight o'clock, at the family residence on West Sixth street, after a prolonged illness that has extended over a period of three years. The cause of her death was tuberculosis, which was the result of a cold contracted three years ago last Easter Sunday. Since that time Miss Weisenfluh has been in poor health, but all that medical aid and the ministrations of a kind and devoted family could do was done, but to no avail and death claimed her for its own. Deceased was born in Emporium, November 29th, 1885 and was therefore 24 years, 11 months and two days of age. She was a loving and devoted daughter and sister and a true friend to all who had the pleasure of an acquaintance and her many friends and relatives are bowed down in the deepest sorrow. Death has saddened many homes in Emporium during the past few months and many familiar faces have gone from our midst to the better world where sorrow is unknown and where they await in glory, for those bereaved and who mourn their loss. This home was visited two years ago last September by the death angel and at that time the only son and brother was taken. The funeral of this much esteemed young lady will take place this (Thursday) afternoon from the family home and the Rev. R. H. Bent, pastor of the Presbyterian Church, of which deceased was a member, will officiate. Interment will be made in the Wiley Annex to the Newton Cemetery. The surviving family are as follows: The parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Weisenfluh and Mrs. George Neidlinger (sister) and the Misses Anna, Margaret and Clara Weisenfluh. To these bereaved ones the PRESS and the entire community extend the deepest sympathy.

"Sometime, when all life's lessons have been learned,
And sun and stars forever more have set,
The things which our weak judgment here have spurned,
The things o'er which we greived with lashes wet,
Will flash before us out of life's dark night;
As stars shine most in deeper tints of blue;
And we shall see how all God's plans were right
And how what seemed reproof was love most true."

HACKENBERG.

The PRESS last Thursday briefly announced the death of our old and respected citizen, William Hackenberg; also giving a short obituary.

THE FUNERAL.

The funeral took place from the family residence, East Fifth street, last Friday afternoon at two o'clock, being very largely attended by relatives and friends. The religious services were conducted by Rev. R. H. Bent, of Presbyterian Church, his pastor, assisted by Rev. J. L. Bogue, of Baptist Church, and Rev. J. F. Anderson, pastor of M. E. Church. Rev. Mr. Bent delivering a very appropriate address. Deceased leaves besides his devoted wife, (who has faithfully ministered to his every want during his long and painful illness), the following children by his first wife, who died fourteen years ago: Laura Erhard, Austin; Mrs. Hattie Wet Sellusgrove, Pa.; Mrs. Myrtle Walker, Austin, Pa.; Mrs. Lucy Bloom, Buffalo, N. Y.; also two sisters and two brothers.

The following honorary pall bearers were in attendance: Hon. J. C. Johnson, Riley, Warner, M. M. Larrabee, H. C. Olmsted, F. D. Leet, aed R. R. McQuay, the active casket bearers being Hon. B. W. Green, E. W. Gaskill, T. H. Norris, I. K. Hockley, C. H. Felt and G. S. Wiley, members of the Masonic Lodge of which the deceased was an honored member. A male quartette consisting of H. C. Olmsted, I. K. Hockley, C. H. Felt and Geo. A. Walker rendered very appropriate hymns.

The following relatives and friends were in attendance:

Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Bloom, Buffalo; Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Walker and children, Mrs. Lora Erhard, and son William, Austin; Prof. and Mrs. H. H. Webber, Selinsgrove, Pa.; Mr. Edward Hackenberg (brother) and daughter, Mrs. Clemlinger, Kane; Ex-Senator W. H. Hackenberg, John Hackenberg, (nephews) Milton, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Jessop, Dundee, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Bonham, Franklin, Pa.; Mrs. Dr. Wilson, St. Marys.

Thus closes an active life of one of our old friends, respected by all. William Hackenberg was a man of pronounced opinions and never hesitated to proclaim the same. During the long residence in Cameron county he was identified with various business enterprises, all of which he successfully conducted. Religiously he was a consistent member of the Presbyterian church and aided as far as he could in every manner to promote the same. Politically he was a Republican, of the old school, and we know whereof we speak when we say he could be relied upon. Farewell, friend.

THE WEATHER.
FRIDAY, Fair.
SATURDAY, Fair.
SUNDAY, Rain.

ASSETS
First National Bank,
EMPORIUM, PA.

At the close of business, Nov. 2, 1910,
$868,238.33.

The Question of Education

Is one of the most important topics discussed at the present time by county institutes and the family, and to the average salaried man or workman is somewhat serious, especially where the family is large.

And it behooves him to use every effort and means possible to provide an educational fund for high school and college days.

A savings account offer a rare opportunity for husbanding a fund for the education of those little ones. Try it.

$1.00 Starts an Account.
3% INTEREST PAID ON SAVING BOOK ACCOUNTS AND CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT.

DR. LEON REX FELT,
DENTIST.
Rockwell Block, Emporium, Pa.

DR. H. W. MITCHELL,
DENTIST,
Office over A. F. Vogt's Shoe Store
Emporium, Pa. 12y

Do You Remember?

It is a well known fact that when the rapidly disappearance of the timber in this county was realized by many of our citizens the question of continuing the battle to hold our county and prevent its absorbtion by the surrounding counties, owing to the lack of employment and the great decrease of taxable property, that a little band of gentlemen resolved to stand by Cameron, live here and invest their money.

Who headed every enterprise to increase the employment of the wage-earner and who is now exerting every possible effort to improve the condition of our laborers? Hon. Josiah Howard.

Who stood at the head of the Novelty Incandescent Lamp Company, where over seventy-five young ladies and men are daily employed at good wages, with a pay roll of over $1,500 every two weeks? Hon. Josiah Howard.

Who encourages and aids in the improvement of our farming lands, our roads, our streets, our churches, our schools and every laudable project? Hon. Josiah Howard.

Who introduced and secured the passage of the law, now on the statute books, taking the State lands for school and road purposes, thereby greatly aiding the several townships in keeping up their schools and roads? Hon. Josiah Howard.

Voters of Cameron county, is it not to your interest, the interest of your dear ones and an expression of gratitude that you show, by your suffrage, that you endorse Mr. Howard's interest in your behalf, by not only casting your vote for him but urging your neighbors to do likewise.

Make this expression of good will unanimous, regardless of party.

New Club Organized.

Last Monday evening a club that will be known as the Emporium Social Club was organized. The meeting was held in the rooms of the Republican Club and was largely attended. The organization of this club assures a good time for the coming winter months. Fifty of Emporium's leading young men have become members of this organization and the object is to promote sociability among the young people. Dances will be given every two weeks. The following officers were elected: President, Ben G. Erskine; Vice Pres. Max F. Balcom; Secretary, C. Harold Seger; Treasurer, Guy S. Thompson; Committee on Arrangemen, Mose J. Harris, Fred J. Keim and R. H. Edgar; Committee on By-Laws, R. M. McQuay and Ben Liston. The first of the series of dances will be given in the near future.

Italian Killed.

Last Friday Giseppe Pepe an Italian employed near Sizerville on the new railroad grading was almost instantly killed. He did not see an approaching train, owing to the snow storm, and was struck, throwing him twenty or thirty feet. He was placed on a train to be taken to Olean Hospital but died before arriving at Port Allegany. His remains were brought to Emporium and placed at Egan's undertaking rooms to be prepared for burial, the funeral taking place Monday afternoon. Deceased leaves a wife and several children in Italy.

Wanted.

Will buy small blocks of stock in any Cameron or Pottter county, if prices are right. What have you to offer? Address, "INVESTOR," care Cameron County Press.

Property for Sale.

A property on West Fourth street for sale. Inquire of
38-tf. GEO. BARKER.

Cedar Shingles $4.50 per thousand at C. B. Howard & Co's.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor and Proprietor
Published Every Thursday
EMPORIUM. - PENNSYLVANIA

There is a major-league bee in the bonnet of every bush-league player.

Sand is said to be a sure cure for dyspepsia. It takes grit to swallow it.

They are growing fruit on the former pine lands of the south. Pineapples?

He is a pretty poor press agent who is unable to work the smuggling sensation this fall.

A love of poetry is said to be a sign of insanity. Take your choice between rhyme and reason.

Those rich people who smuggle set a bad example to those poor people who merely steal.

Motion pictures are used to keep hop pickers from jumping contracts and skipping out.

If four-dollar rubber boots sell abroad for 49 cents, what's the matter with going over and getting a pair?

The ricksha coolies of Hong Kong are out on strike. Evidently it's hard to keep peace where there is progress.

If it is true, as a minister says, that there is baseball in heaven, then there must be bush league angels, also.

Scarcity of chorus girls reported from New York. That dread disease, senility, gets the better of them in the long run.

How lucky the coal men are. Just as soon as they begin talking about boosting the price of anthracite along comes a cold wave.

Chile is unlucky about her presidents. To lose two in six weeks is a record which other nations will be perfectly willing to have stand.

In considering extreme fashions some moderation in criticism is to be observed. One hobble skirt does not convict all femininity of lunacy.

A recent divorcee of some sensational notoriety, denies a report that she is going on the stage. For this relief the stage should give thanks.

An Ohio man wants to wager that he can drink a pint of whisky without pausing to take a breath. How'd you like to pass your bottle to a man like that?

Pittsburg has decided that there should be more than 500,000 bacilli in one drop of milk. On thinking it over, we are inclined to side with Pittsburg.

Wisconsin man earns his livelihood by crocheting doilies. Um! After this, one can't see much left in woman's sphere for us young fellows to tackle.

Chicago is to have a new theater equipped with a smoking room for women. However, it won't be strictly up-to-date without an aeroplane landing on the roof.

This country consumed $36,000,000 worth of peanuts last year. To the country's credit let it be said that this quantity was not all used for political purposes.

It is said to be dangerous to chew gum while bathing in the surf. Aside from the danger, why should any one wish to chew gum while bathing in the surface, anyhow?

A Chicago woman, while wearing a hobble skirt, fell and suffered a broken leg, but what woman wouldn't rather have a fractured leg than be out of style.

It is proposed to build an ocean steamship line to carry nobody but rich people. It is a good idea. Of late the rich, hurrying home from Europe, have been crowding the poor people out of the steerage.

A champion shorthand expert in the west has made a record of 269 words a minute. But it would be interesting to know how this record would stand if matched against the capacity of a thoroughly angry woman.

The Mayor of Boston says that the women of that intellectual center are brighter and better educated than the men, which is the reason so many of the girls do not marry. Boston ought to come down to the level of other towns where little Cupid doesn't care a rap about the intellectuality in the atmosphere if a girl happens to be pretty and lovable and a young man knows how to tell her so in a way to be appreciated.

A telegram from Minocqua, Wis., says a big muskellunge pulled a fisherman from his boat, and had to be shot before it was captured. If it hadn't been for the bullets it is likely the fish would have swallowed the fisherman.

A lace smuggler, who had concealed on his person 350 yards of lace, was detected because the inspectors noticed him perspiring, although it was a cool day. He should have foreseen this natural consequence of excessive raiment and packed a few ice-bags about him with the lace.

FREE WOOL AGAIN?

IS THAT WHAT FARMERS OF THE COUNTRY WANT?

Short Looking Over of Conditions That Prevailed When the Democrats Were in Power Will Just Now Be Profitable.

The last time the Democrats were in power in the United States they carried out their Free Trade threat and put wool on the free list. The sheep industry of America was destroyed, wool sold for ten cents a pound and farmers took what they could get for their sheep. A dollar a head was the top price. And yet no man, woman or child got a yard of woolen cloth or a suit of woolen clothes a penny cheaper. The effect of free wool was destruction, that's all. The farmers of Missouri, and every other sheep-raising state, lost millions of dollars and nobody received any benefit. One of the Democrats who helped bring about that disaster of fifteen years ago was Champ Clark, of Missouri, the present leader of his party, and he now declares that he learned nothing from the awful lesson of free wool. On the 21st day of last May, while he was making a speech in the House of Representatives, assailing the Republican policy of Protection and announcing to the country what he and his party would do if again entrusted with power, Mr. Nicholas Longworth, of Ohio, interrupted him as follows:

"Then, if I understand the gentleman, he is in favor of no duty on any article of wool or its products."

Mr. Clark replied:

"I think it would be a blessing to the American people if it was all wiped out on that schedule."

When he made that remark his Democratic colleagues in the House of Representatives, the men who will write a tariff law if given the chance to do so, greeted it with great applause.

What do the farmers think of it? In the years 1893 to 1897, when we had free wool, there was no applause on the Democratic side, or anywhere else. There was only distress and suffering.

He Is a Republican.

Congressman Charles N. Fowler, of New Jersey, failed of renomination last week but he isn't sulking. He has issued a statement in which he says that he cheerfully acquiesces in the people's action. "I am a Republican," he says. "Indeed, I allow no man to go before me in loyal devotion to the fundamental principles of the Republican party; and therefore I shall continue to fight for those principles in the future as in the past within the ranks of the Republican party."

That's the way to talk. The question now is, as President Taft puts it, whether we shall have in the national house of representatives a Republican or a Democratic majority. Principles are greater than men. To uphold Republican principles, all Republicans must subordinate individual opinions and work together. That sort of action means success. The only alternative is a Democratic victory.

Unintelligent Protectionism.

In 1871 there were 25,000,000 sheep in Germany; now there are only 7,000,000. The unintelligent application of the principle of protection is responsible for the enormous decrease. Free wool has made it unprofitable to raise sheep in parts of the empire. Doubtless the scientific schedule framers of the German tariff thought they were doing the right thing when they discouraged the stock raiser, but it is an open question whether the advantage gained by the manufacturer has not been more than offset by the higher price of meat in Germany. Flocks of sheep, aggregating 25,000,000, produced an enormous quantity of mutton, the diminution of which must be held responsible for at least a part of the high price Germans are compelled to pay for meat.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Protection and High Prices.

The good prices received for farm products in the United States are cited as an argument in favor of free trade in Canada. Is this logical? If the United States had no protection to industry it is quite improbable that the great centers of industry in which the farm products are bought would have been created. The process, therefore, would not be good. Again, if there were no protection to agriculture in the United States, the demand for farm products might be largely met from abroad. We certainly could increase the supply. In that case the price would go down. If the price paid for produce by our neighbors points in any direction it is to protection and not to free trade. —Toronto Mail and Empire.

Encouraging to Foreigners.

The London correspondent of the New York Evening Post, writing under date of September 17, says: "The liberal press of England is jubilant at the victory of the Democrats in Maine, and hopes that it means the downfall of protection in America."

The downfall of protection in America would be a great boon to British manufacturers and British free traders. Free access to the greatest of markets would be worth billions of dollars to European producers.

OBJECT LESSON FOR AMERICA

Wail From Free Trade England Should Be of Interest to the Voter Just Now.

Bread in London is up one cent a loaf (of four pounds). New price 12 cents a loaf for ordinary, 13 cents for best quality, by agreement of the London Master Bakers' Protective society. In England the bakers' business is in deep distress and throughout the United Kingdom skilled bakers are starving.—New York Press.

And this in free trade England, where for many years "the cheap loaf" has been the fraudulent free trade cry. There is no tariff there to put up the price of bread. It would have been better if there had been a tariff on farm products, for then British agriculture would have thrived instead of almost disappearing as a productive industry, leaving the United Kingdom almost breadless, except for what the rest of the world could supply. As the case stands, bread is high; the "cheap loaf" is no longer cheap; dwindled to a point where British bakers are starving, robbed by free trade of employment and wages, are going without bread. Has the tariff done this? Hardly, since there is no tariff in Great Britain on wheat or flour. No; it is not the tariff, but free trade that has brought all this starvation and misery.

How Will You Vote?

The Republican candidate for congress in this district believes in protection. Every voter knows that in congress he will resist to the utmost every Democratic effort to destroy protection and return to Democratic free trade, or, worse yet, the tariff for revenue system.

The Democratic candidate for congress in this district does not believe in protection, but in free trade, or, worse yet, the tariff for revenue system. Every voter knows that in congress he would count one in every Democratic assault upon the Republican principle of protection.

We tried the Democratic system in the four awful years from 1893 to 1897.

We have had protection and prosperity since that time.

Patriotism, as well as personal interests and the interests of the wife and children, points out the Republican path of duty.

Think It Over.

Democrats talk as if the country were on the verge of ruin.

Is it?

Wages were never higher.

Our factories were never busier.

Our railroads never had a greater mileage or a larger number of locomotives and cars in use every minute of the day and night.

There never were so few idle men.

Farmers never had so good a market for the products of their farms.

Prosperity never was more marked or more general.

Where is the distress?

Where are the soup houses?

Where are the Coxey's armies?

What industry is on the decline?

What workingman who wants work fails to find it?

Think it over.

Still Tearing 'Em Down.

The recent declaration of Democracy's leader, Hon. Champ Clark, of Missouri, in favor of free wool and the applause of all the Democratic congressmen when he made it, show that he and his party still stand on the old free trade platform. In 1897, Mr. Clark made another Democratic speech and said:

"I am a free trader, and proudly take my stand with Sir Robert Peel, Richard Cobden, John Bright and Henry George. . . . If I had my way today sir, I would tear them (custom houses) all down from turret to foundation stone."

Roosevelt's Warm Indorsement.

We have the right to appeal to the people from the standpoint alike of national and state achievement. In the last eighteen months a long list of laws embodying legislation most heartily to be commended as combining wisdom with progress has been enacted by congress and approved by President Taft.—Theodore Roosevelt, at the New York Republican State Convention, September 25th.

True Republican Spirit.

"My party can afford to be defeated," said Controller Prendergast at Saratoga recently. "It cannot afford to be wrong." This efficient officer of the greater city expressed what every honest man believes. The spirit that temporizes and compromises with evil in the hope of retaining office is one which deserves neither commendation nor success.—Troy Record.

Remember This?

When the Democrats were last in power in the United States a million men walked the streets of our great cities begging for work.

They did not say: "Here is my labor. I want to sell it at so much a day."

They said: "Give me anything you please for my labor. My wife and babies are hungry."

Mr. Sherman emerges from the contest absolutely free from the suspicion of any underhanded dealing.

IN THE PUBLIC EYE

DARING YOUNG SKY PILOT

Walter Richard Brookins, the youthful sky pilot who made the successful flight from Chicago to Springfield, belongs in the aviation game by right of having been born in the city Wright brothers have given such great fame. He is a Dayton, Ohio, boy, who has been over a great deal of America and Canada, having been for a time a driver of racing automobiles before taking up air flying.

Brookins is just past twenty-two years old. He observed his last birthday July 11 by making record flights at Atlantic City, N. J. It was at this meet that he broke the then world record for high flight for the third time by driving his machine in a series of spectacular dashes to the height of 6,200 feet. Brookins' parents are Americans. Both his father and mother are living, and he has two brothers and one sister. Walter attended the public schools of Dayton and managed, between learning to run automobiles and watching the Wright brothers practise with their gliding machine, to graduate from the Dayton high school. That is as far as he got with theoretical schooling. After that he went out into the world and became an automobile man of more than ordinary skill. He perfected himself to such an extent in that profession that he decided to try to become an aviator.

The Wrights knew quite a little about Brookins as a boy. In their observations of his automobile experiences they recognized him as a safe man for their venturesome calling. They told Walt he might have a trial. Young Brookins began as a pupil of the Wrights the latter part of last March. He practised about five hours before he went up for his first flight alone. After that he kept training daily with Orville Wright. He was the first man trained by Orville Wright and it was not long before he was intrusted with the training of others of the Wright school.

Brookins' first big meet, really his first public appearance outside the Wright reservation at Dayton, was at Indianapolis last June, and he immediately started in breaking world records.

Hitherto Brookins has confined his attempts at record-breaking to his specialties of height, quick turning and slow flights. He holds the world's record for the latter now, it being 21 miles an hour. This is almost as essential in the training of an aviator as is quickness in turning, both demonstrating the operator's control of his machine and the sense of oneness with his machine that he must have to be successful.

Since he started flying independently of the coaching of his trainer Brookins has made brilliant exhibitions at Indianapolis, Montreal, Atlantic City, Toronto, Detroit, Asbury Park, N. J., Boston and through the middle of Illinois on his wonderful flight from Chicago to Springfield.

It is for his coolness and intelligence that the Wrights have given him so many responsible opportunities of flight. Personally he is a clean, alert, self-controlled young man. He has no vices. He is a wholesome, energetic man.

CONSERVED HIS OWN LIFE

Henry Wallace, the new head of the National Conservation congress, is himself a living example of the possibilities in conservation of human life. Thirty years ago, while holding the pastorate of a United Presbyterian church at Morning Sun, Iowa, he was informed by his physician that his days were numbered and that his only hope of prolonging life for even a reasonably short time was to get out of the pulpit. He did not wait to preach a farewell sermon; he went back to the farm and commenced anew the simple life. Today, at seventy-four he is a vigorous and healthy man, doing his full day's labor every day and with intellect as keenly alive to every issue of the time.

Mr. Wallace's special interest in the work came to a head when he consented to associate himself with others in the work of the Roosevelt Country Life commission appointed a few years ago to inquire into the needs of the farms and suggest methods of improving the life of the rural community. On that commission he was associated with Gifford Pinchot, President Bailey, President Butterfield and others.

The presidency of the National Conservation association came to Mr. Wallace wholly unsought. Before he had thought of attending the convention he stated clearly the demand of the friends of conservation. He said:

"The people of the west demand that the government shall protect the remaining resources of the nation as yet under the control of the nation from spoliation, by placing them under a cabinet officer or officers who are not merely honest, but of whose integrity and efficiency there is not the shadow of doubt, men whose affiliations have not heretofore been with the spoilers. Anything short of this will invoke the wrath of an already outraged and indignant people."

LEADER OF 'PROGRESSIVES'

In the battle between the regular and progressive Republicans in New York state one of the most prominent leaders of the latter and the principal leader before Colonel Roosevelt assumed command was Lloyd C. Griscom, diplomat and former ambassador to Italy, and the chairman of the Republican committee of New York county. When, after his relinquishment of his diplomatic post at Rome, he began to mix in the politics of the metropolis, the old leaders were inclined to be jocose at his expense, called him an amateur and said he had many things to learn.

Mr. Griscom is a native of Philadelphia, a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania and a lawyer. Before being admitted to the bar in New York city, which was in 1896, he became secretary to Ambassador Bayard at the court of St. James. In 1897 he was deputy district attorney of New York. At the outbreak of the Spanish war he volunteered his services, was commissioned captain and assistant quartermaster and served four months in Cuba as aide-de-camp to Major General Wade. Then he resigned to enter the diplomatic service and was appointed secretary to the legation at Constantinople. He afterward served in Persia, Japan and Brazil and was decorated by the shah of Persia and received the order of Bolivar from the government of Venezuela.

NEW GRAND ARMY COMMANDER

John E. Gilman of Massachusetts, who was elected commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic at the forty-fourth national encampment, has an enviable record as a soldier and citizen. He belonged to the noted Twelfth Massachusetts, a regiment which vies with the First Minnesota as having lost the largest percentage of the men it carried into any single action. Commander Gilman fought bravely with his regiment through all its battles until at Gettysburg he lost his right arm by a wound from a shell.

He joined the Grand Army in 1868, and has since been zealous and active in its service. During the dark days of the order he was one of the mainstays, and has held nearly every office within the gift of his comrades as a reward for his fidelity and ability. He was elected commander of the department of Massachusetts in 1899, and gave that great department an efficient and satisfactory administration.

Commander-in-Chief Blackmar selected him for his adjutant general. He traveled with that official all over the United States, and made friends wherever he went. Commander-in-Chief King continued him after the lamented death of Blackmar, and he added to his popularity in that position. For years he has been the head of the Soldiers' Relief commission of Boston.

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Tit for Tat.

Lloyd C. Griscom, in an interview in New York, said of party dissensions:

"They are animated by a nasty spirit, a tit-for-tat spirit; and they go from bad to worse.

"It's like the case of the engaged couple at the seaside dance. The young man, a little jealous, said coldly to his fiancee at supper:

"'Let me see—was it you I kissed in the conservatory?"

"'About what time?' the young girl answered, with a little laugh."

"Thank You's."

The man who is not thankful for the lessons he learned in adversity didn't learn any.

There must be plenty of thankfulness in the world if those who have loved and lost could know just what they have lost.

"Why are you giving thanks? They took $10,000 from you in Wall street a little while ago, didn't they?"

"Yes; but I got out with $20 they didn't know I had."—Judge.

Heart's Trouble.

"Faint heart never won fair lady."

"Faint heart has no business to try to win anything; faint heart ought to see a doctor."

Economy is the art of living as though you are poor when you are really not so; whereas, if you are really poor and live that way that's stinginess.

Toothsome Tid-Bits

Can be made of many ordinary "home" dishes by adding

Post Toasties

The little booklet, "GOOD THINGS MADE WITH TOASTIES," in pkgs., tells how.

Two dozen or more simple inexpensive dainties that will delight the family.

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Company, Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS

Large Cities Show a Healthy Growth

WASHINGTON.—The census returns on the large cities of the country are now complete. The figures show that most of them have had a healthy growth during the ten years since the last count was made, but some of them have fallen out of the places they occupied then and their places have been taken by other cities.

Of the many that have tried, in the past ten years, to climb into the 100,000 class, only five have succeeded.

Among the ten largest cities there has been only one important change of position. Baltimore has lost sixth place to Cleveland. Baltimore's population, as officially stated, is 558,485, while Cleveland has 560,663. The gain in Baltimore over 1900 was 9.7 per cent.

A comparison of 29 cities in the 100,000 class shows that the aggregate population is 13,596,819, as against 10,376,012 in 1900 and 7,904,140 in 1890.

The fact is noted that the high rate of increase is not confined to any one geographical section. Of seven cities whose rate exceeded 40 per cent., two, Newark, N. J., and Bridgeport, Conn., are eastern; one, Atlanta, is southern, and four, Detroit, Denver, Kansas City and Columbus, are western. Of the two cities with the lowest rate, one is eastern and the other is western.

The rates of increase for Atlanta, Detroit, Denver and Kansas City are phenomenally high, but most extraordinary is the high percentage for New York, which exceeds the average of 28 cities by 11.4 per cent., and is itself exceeded only by the rates of seven cities.

Fifty-four cities of between 25,000 and 100,000 show an aggregate population of 2,723,498, as against 1,901,766 in 1900, a gain of 43.2 per cent., which the census bureau pronounces "phenomenally high." Thirty-one of these cities show a higher rate of increase for the past decade than for the previous one. No decrease is noted in any one of the cities.

Of the larger cities the gain of St. Louis during the decade was greater proportionately than that of Boston, its nearest competitor, while Kansas City is in twentieth place on the face of the returns. Kansas City has jumped ahead of Providence, R. I., and Indianapolis, Ind., Providence falling behind Indianapolis, which it led in 1900.

Uncle Sam's Health Zone Far Spread

THE activities of the public health and marine hospital service, to which is intrusted most of the general work of guarding the country against contagion from abroad and preventing its spread at home, form the topic of a paper by Surgeon General Wyman in the public health report.

The document was prepared for the American Public Health association which recently met at Milwaukee. This organization is composed of representatives from Canada, Mexico and Cuba, as well as from the United States, and the paper was regarded as of especial interest to them.

Beginning with "the utmost circumference of the influence of the organization," Doctor Wyman tells of the protective measures at foreign ports. He shows that medical officers of the bureau are located in most of the seacoast cities of Asia and South and Central America, and at some of those of Europe. The service also is liberally represented in Hawaii, Porto Rico and the Philippines.

In addition to keeping themselves and the home office informed regarding the prevalence of cholera, yellow fever, smallpox, typhus and plague, these officials are required to inspect American-bound vessels and to issue bills of health, without which the vessels might not enter American ports.

During the last fiscal year they inspected 16,766 vessels and examined 1,433,134 passengers. On board ship the regulations of these officials follow the immigrant, requiring proper cleanliness and ventilation, and when the vessel arrives in the United States it is met by another set of health service officers on duty either to enforce quarantine rules or to assist the immigration officials in their work.

In the latter capacity the public health men last year examined 1,280,000 immigrants, certifying 30,000 of them as defective either mentally or physically.

The paper also abounds in facts relative to the work of the bureau in preventing the spread of infectious diseases from one state to another under the quarantine law, making especial reference to the work in connection with recent yellow-fever epidemics and the plague infection on the Pacific coast of a few years ago.

The maintenance of the service costs the United States $2,000,000 annually.

Political Pot Is Boiling Furiously

REPORTS coming into Washington from all over the country tell how the seething political pot is furiously boiling. In New York, Indiana, Nebraska and Missouri the politicians are especially busy.

The New York state Republican convention was a triumph for Colonel Roosevelt. He was the temporary chairman, defeating Vice-President Sherman. That was the first rout of the regulars. He won a spectacular fight for the adoption of the platform of the progressives; he put through his slate and the close of the convention found the Roosevelt forces in complete control of the situation. Henry L. Stimson of New York city, Roosevelt's man, was nominated for governor.

In his speech distinguishing between a leader and a boss, he said "a boss drives, while a leader leads." He then proceeded to "lead" the convention to do everything that he wanted it to do.

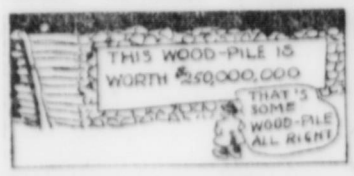
The platform as adopted contained a plank indorsing the administration of President Taft and that of Governor Hughes and commending the wisdom of the president in choosing Hughes for the supreme court bench.

The keynote of the Indiana campaign was sounded by Senator Beveridge in a speech at Indianapolis. He was merciless to the interests, which he says have been controlling legislation for years. He defied the corporate interests to pollute the voters of Indiana. He favored the revision of the tariff by a genuine tariff commission. He gave Roosevelt credit for inaugurating the conservation movement.

Mayor J. C. Dahlman of Omaha, candidate for governor of Nebraska, responding to rumors about his early career, gave out a statement that he shot his brother-in-law in Texas for deserting his sister, fled the state and assumed the name in Nebraska of Jim Murray. The man he shot did not die. The only law he knew, he says, was the law of the pistol and the quick hand. "I got to be pretty tough, I admit it," he says. "The country was full of maverick cattle and no one was a better hand with the rope, chasing down these strays and putting the branding iron on them."

Missouri Democrats opened their campaign at Joplin, with Bryan, Folk, Francis, Reed and Stone as leaders and orators. Addresses were delivered afternoon and evening and the crowds were greater than the capacity of the meeting places.

Our Wood Fuel Bill Is $250,000,000



FIREWOOD valued at $250,000,000 is used every year by the people of the United States, according to the latest estimate of the forestry service. Our forefathers used considerably more wood, but coal to a great extent has supplanted it as a fuel.

"Little attention has been paid to the amount of wood used for fuel purposes. In 1880 the census estimated that at that time there were nearly 146,000,000 cords, valued at approximately $322,000,000, or $2.21 a cord, used for fuel annually.

The population then was a little over 50,000,000. Since then the population has increased to over 86,000,000, but the use of wood for fuel has decreased not only in per capita consumption, but also in total quantity. A little more than 20,000,000,000 cubic feet of wood in all forms is used in the United States each year, and of this 7,000,000,000 cubic feet, or about 86,000,000 cords, is firewood.

Of the total estimated consumption of firewood 70,000,000 cords, or 81.4 per cent., was used in towns and cities with a population of from 1,000 to 30,000; 1,615,000 cords, or 1.9 per cent., in cities of over 30,000 population, and the remainder, or 2 per cent., in mineral operations. In these four classes of consumption the average value per cord ranged from $2.61 for the firewood used on the farms to $6.58 for that used in the cities.

Ribbon Effects

By JULIA BOTTOMLEY.

NOTHING is prettier in ribbon arrangements than a bow and ends in simple or in elaborate designs. But one may not always arrive at the desired effect by the use of bows. A shape may be modified or changed in appearance by building it in one direction or another with ribbon arranged in loops. Flower forms may be copied or simulated, and nothing is more fashionable than small, compact roses and foliage made of ribbon.

These examples are given here of ribbon in unusual arrangements. In the first a cap-like shape covered with big velvet poppies is lengthened at the back with wired loops of heavy satin ribbon. These bows redeem the shape, lifting it from the commonplace into one of those which the French have described as "the fleeting profile" shapes. They are full of style. The loops in this instance are made overloops of boned wire sewed to the shape at the back.

A pretty drooping brimmed round hat, having the brim edge finished with a shirring of velvet shows plaitings of ribbon and velvet bows poised together about the round crown. This forms a sort of rosette, in which the plaited ribbon sets, and the result makes one thing of a flower. In fact, each velvet and ribbon decoration is much like a huge pansy in shape. The pretty hat, which is of king's blue felt, needs no other decoration.

A hat for a miss faced with changeable taffeta gathered in the underbrim, is bound with a puff of velvet. A collar of ribbon about the crown is finished with a very full plaiting or shirring of ribbon at the left front. Such a hat is ideal for a miss of 16 or more years, and is quite within the range of amateur millinery to make.

GIRL'S OUTING COSTUME

This pretty costume, designed especially for boating or sailing, is of white linen trimmed with bands of blue and white striped linen. The skirt is made with a group of plaits at each side, above which it is ornamented with buttons, and is encircled about knee high, with an inserted band of the striped linen.

The blouse has a bib-like plastron of the material ornamented with buttons. The sailor collar and cuffs are embroidered with anchors and trimmed with the bands of striped linen. The odd cravat and the girdle are of black liberty.

Stenciling Hints.

When stenciling a design for a wallpaper frieze, draw the diapered pattern on heavy paper so as to allow the skeleton design to hold firmly together after the sprays have been cut out from stencil plates. Cut out each piece of the drawing with a sharp knife, and lay it on a rough piece of the cardboard so that the edge of the knife is not turned.

Prepare each piece to resist the action of the color by sizing or by shellac dissolved in methylated spirits.

Mix the color with one-third picture copal varnish and two-thirds turpentine, using only a small portion at a time, as it is very volatile. Then dab the color all over the surface of the design with a stencil brush. You will then be ready to apply it to the walls.

JEWELS FOR DAY AND NIGHT

Precious and Semi-Precious Stones Very Much in Evidence on All Occasions.

With low-cut necks narrow velvet collars set with three or five graduated ornaments of paste set in old silvered metal are smart and becoming with both afternoon and evening gowns.

Earrings do much to break the line of a long neck with a collarless gown. Lovely new ones are shown in Parisian diamonds, colored stones and baroque pearls.

A good looking set of earrings has a bowknot and dangler of diamonds with baroque drop; another set that screws on has three baroque pearls, one above the other, connected by jeweled chains with amethyst drops.

A shield-shaped corsage ornament of Parisian diamonds and French emeralds, with a shoulder catch to correspond, gives a brilliant finish to a low-necked evening gown.

The woman of bony neck should purchase one of the high dog collars of rows of seed pearls crossed by narrow side bars and a square central bar of Parisian diamonds.

For traveling or sports the watch bracelet is growing in favor. One of the new ones has a flexible woven strap and buckle of gold wire set with a red enamel watch studded in pearls.

On a gray suede wrist strap is a small watch of gold rims studded with alternate rubies and pearls or sapphires and pearls. Cheaper for hard wear are tan or gray suede bracelet with a small open-faced gold or silver watch.

A fascinating ornament of French jewelry that can be used for the hair or corsage is a pair of Mercury wings set to form a hollow that can encircle the hair knot.

Black Waist.

The black chiffon blouse over white or over a silk in Persian colors is even more popular now than at the end of last season, when it was hailed as a novelty. The veiled effect is more pleasing and satisfactory in a waist than a skirt, since it gives a color effect which cannot be obtained by pipings or bands. There is a beautiful messaline, woven in the designs and colorings of the famous India shawls, which is used extensively in combination with black for waists. The plain black silk waists are worn a great deal. The smartest of them have a narrow round yoke of white lace, which gives them a dressy appearance, relieving the somberness of the black.

A New Tie.

A fetching new tie that gives a touch of color to a dark or white costume is made from bias satin or velvet formed into inch wide folds. These are ended with bunches of tiny flowers and leaves, while a similar band holds the leaves together in front.

The KITCHEN CABINET

THE heart should give charity when the hand cannot.
Both [illegible] and truth will get uppermost at [illegible].
An ounce of mother is worth a pound of clergy.

—Joseph Parker.

Small Cakes for Various Occasions.

The following recipes are appropriate to serve with frozen dishes or with tea or chocolate. Many delicious little cakes and cookies may be bought; but no matter how attractive they are, one likes the touch of individuality which is shown in cakes of home manufacture:

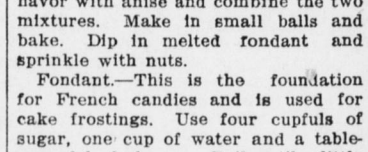
Chocolate Nut Cake.—Cream three-fourths of a cupful of butter, add one and a half cupfuls of sugar gradually, then alternate a half cupful of milk with two and a quarter cups of flour sifted with three teaspoonfuls of baking powder several times to insure a thorough mixing, then add three squares of grated chocolate, a cupful of broken pecan meats, a teaspoonful of vanilla and the whites of eight eggs beaten stiff. A little salt is an improvement. Bake in gem pans about twenty minutes.

Bachelor's Buttons.—Rub together four tablespoonfuls of butter and ten tablespoonfuls of flour. Add five tablespoonfuls of sugar to the flour mixture and five to two well-beaten eggs, flavor with anise and combine the two mixtures. Make in small balls and bake. Dip in melted fondant and sprinkle with nuts.

Fondant.—This is the foundation for French candies and is used for cake frostings. Use four cupfuls of sugar, one cup of water and a tablespoonful of glucose. Boil until a little dropped in water will make a soft, waxy ball. Cool and stir until white and creamy. It will keep for weeks and always be fresh for use by heating over hot water. Keep the fondant in a dish covered with a waxed paper and tightly covered, or it will dry and crumble.

Orange Cakes.—Cream a quarter of a cupful of butter, add a half cupful of sugar gradually, the grated rind of an orange and a tablespoonful of the juice, the yolks of two eggs well beaten. Sift one and two-thirds cups of flour and half a teaspoonful of cream of tartar and a quarter of a teaspoonful of soda, a pinch of salt. Fold in the whites of two eggs beaten stiff. Bake in patty tins and ice with frosting flavored with orange juice.

Wafers.—Cream a half cup of butter, add a cup of powdered sugar and a cup and three-fourths of flour, a little salt and a teaspoonful of vanilla and a half cup of milk. Bake on a baking sheet and cut in squares. Roll immediately, before they harden.



IT IS bad enough for an attractive young miss to be unable to make a loaf of bread, or broil a steak, or use a needle; but the limit is passed when a college makes her such a little idiot as to think it smart to boast of it."

Similar remarks we hear every day, blaming the college education for the foolishness of a few. When we are looking for results from college training let us take the average girl, to be fair. A man who is selling apples does not show the worst he has in stock, but the best.

It is true we meet women occasionally who consider a lack of knowledge of household affairs something to boast of, but let us be thankful that they are rare, and they make themselves a laughing stock among good people.

It takes brains to run a house and provide for a family and the woman who does the former is as much a business partner of the one who does the latter as the business partner down town.

Egg Plant.

Egg plant is such a pretty vegetable to look at, that it always attracts the eye in the market windows. It is not as commonly used as it should be, nor is it widely grown in our climate. Here are a few good ways to serve the plant:

Egg Plant With Potatoes.—Peel a raw egg plant and cut it up in cubes about an inch in size. Cut an equal portion of raw potatoes in similar cubes. Put the two together in a saucepan in which two tablespoonfuls of butter have been melted, add a pinch of ginger, cloves, nutmeg, allspice, turmeric, cinnamon, half a teaspoonful of red pepper and salt to taste. Cover the pan closely and let the vegetables cook in the water generated from their own steam. If all the moisture is evaporated before they are quite done turn in a half cupful of boiling water and finish cooking.

Egg plant is good sliced and put under a weight to remove the juice then dipped in batter and fried. Stuffed egg plant is also another favorite dish.

Egg Plant Salad.—Take a good sized, firm egg plant and cut in thick slices, lay them in cold water, with a tablespoon of salt and a piece of ice; leave for ten minutes; then put over the fire with boiling water and a half tablespoonful of vinegar, boil for ten minutes, drain, chill and cut in dice. Mix with this an equal quantity of finely cut celery and two hard cooked eggs chopped fine. Pour over this a quarter of a cupful of French dressing. Serve garnished with green pepper rings.

Nellie Maxwell.

The Place to Buy Cheap
—IS AT—
J. F. PARSONS'

5 DROPS
TRADE MARK
CURES
RHEUMATISM
LUMBAGO, SCIATICA
NEURALGIA and
KIDNEY TROUBLE

"5-DROPS" taken internally, rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while a permanent cure is being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

DR. S. D. BLAND
Of Brewton, Ga., writes:
"I had been a sufferer for a number of years with Lumbago and Rheumatism in my arms and legs, and tried all the remedies that I could gather from medical works, and also consulted with a number of the best physicians, but found nothing that gave the relief obtained from "5-DROPS." I shall prescribe it in my practice for rheumatism and kindred diseases."

FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS," and test it yourself.

"5-DROPS" can be used any length of time without acquiring a "drug habit," as it is entirely free of opium, cocaine, alcohol, laudanum, and other similar ingredients.

Large Size Bottle, "5-DROPS" ($00 Doses) $1.00. For Sale by Druggists.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY,
Dept. 80. 160 Lake Street, Chicago.

How's Business?

THIS ad. is directed at the man who has all the business in his line in this community.
¶ Mr. Merchant—You say you've got it all. You're selling them all they'll buy, anyhow. But at the same time you would like more business.
¶ Make this community buy more.
¶ Advertise strongly, consistently, judiciously.
¶ Suppose you can buy a lot of washtubs cheap; advertise a big washtub sale in this paper. Put in an inviting picture of a washtub where people can see it the minute they look at your ad. Talk strong on washtubs. And you'll find every woman in this vicinity who has been getting along with a rickety washtub for years and years will buy a new one from you.
¶ That's creative business power.

OUR AD. RATES ARE RIGHT
—CALL ON US

(Copyright, 1909, by W. N. U.)

Word-of-Mouth Advertising

Passing encomiums, only over your store counter, about the quality of what you've got to sell, results in about as much satisfaction as your wife would get if you gave her a box of cigars for Christmas.

Advertising in This Paper
talks to everybody at once and makes them talk back with money.

(Copyright, 1909, by W. N. U.)

$ Aim the Ad. Gun TRUE $

If it's hot weather, advertise cool things, Mr. Merchant. When it's cold, boost warmth. You know what people want; when they want 'em.
Profit thereby. Send your copy to-day for your ad. in this paper.

(Copyright, 1909, by W. N. U.)

ESTABLISHED, 1866.

Cameron County Press

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Proprietor

ORVILLE PROUDFOOT, Assistant and Manager
RAYMOND KLEES, Assistant Foreman.
W. SCOTT STERNER, Assistant Local Editor.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Governor,
JOHN K. TENER,
Charleroi, Washington county.
For Lieutenant Governor,
CONGRESSMAN JOHN M. REYNOLDS,
Bedford county.
For Secretary of Internal Affairs,
HENRY HOUCK.
Lebanon County.
For State Treasurer,
C. FRED WRIGHT,
Susquehanna county.
For Congress,
CHAS. E. PATTON,
Clearfield County.
For State Senator,
JAMES K. P. HALL,
Elk County.
For Representative in General Assembly,
JOSIAH HOWARD,
Emporium.

Tener and His Accusers.

The cowardly conspiracy of money-hungry newspapers and office-hungry candidates to discredit John K. Tener before the people has served one good purpose. It has enlightened the honest citizenship of Pennsylvania as to the moral qualities of men who, in this campaign, as in other campaigns, have presented themselves as evangelists of reform. Strangely enough, they have fooled some of the people, who appear to have a notion that a man in one campaign can appear as an indicted bribe-giver and in another campaign as a respecter of law and defender of "the public interest." These same persons also may believe that the ability of the nimble citizen in office to put through eccentric financial deals qualifies him to disgrace the pulpit with political harangue.

John K. Tener is an upright citizen. He has the confidence of every man and woman who knows him. From the day when as a lad he sought his first employment he has had an unbroken business career of fair dealing.

He never handled a tainted dollar in his life or countenanced a transaction that was not above suspicion.

The Republican candidate for Governor has met his traducers as any other honest man who is falsely accused would meet them. When he finishes with them there will not be a man outside the sinister alliance which has borne false witness against him who will not say that he has spoken the truth. Mr. Tener on the stump has answered the charges of those who for political purposes are willing to blacken his character. He will answer them again in the courts. There the conspiracy of his accusers will be fully disclosed. Mr. Tener frankly has submitted the facts and he will receive the vindication his friends demand. Then those who have been deceived will be amazed at the discovery that what they accepted as enlightened reform was in fact stupid hypocrisy.

On November 8th an unusual opportunity will come to the people of Pennsylvania, an opportunity to elect as Governor a man who is able, clean and honest, by an indorsement that will violently repel the black hand methods of a political vendetta.

Every voter in this State who believes that the decalogue ought to have a place in politics should cast his ballot for John Kinley Tener.

The November Metropolitan.

The second instalment of "The Life Story of J. Pierpont Morgan," which is featured in the November Metropolitan, describes Mr. Morgan's entrance into the financial life of New York and relates his dramatic encounter with Jim Fiske over the old Susquehanna Railroad. A new and interesting angle of the tariff question is furnished by Gilbert Sloss in "The Tariff Extravaganza," an account of the foolish blunders made by Congress in working schedules that have cost the Treasury millions. In "An English View of American Golf," Horace Hutchinson, the English authority, writes critically of the game as it is played in this country. There is a quantity of entertaining anecdote in "Dramatists at Work," by Vanderheyden Fyles. "Who is Responsible for the Railroad Bill?" is the third of the political articles dealing with the Taft Administration. Anthony Hope's new novel, "Mrs. Maxon Protests," reaches its second instalment, and there are the usual number of interesting short stories.

Good Piano for Sale.

A Bradbury Piano (square) in good condition.
Apply at PRESS office. 37-tf.

For Sale.

38 Winchester Rifle; the thing for deer. $5.00. Box 384, Emporium, Pa.

Tener's Pledge.

"If I am elected Governor, I pledge myself in this presence, to the whole people of Pennsylvania, that I will, in that high office, serve no personal or private interest, but will honestly and fairly execute the power of my position for the good of the whole people."

Berry's False Pretense.

The quackery of William H. Berry, Keystone candidate for governor of Pennsylania, in things political, is bad enough in all conscience, but far worse in his false pretense with relation to his services in unearthing and punishing the State capitol grafters says Pittsburg Gazett-Times. The use to which Mr. Berry put this deplorable episode in his campaignings for office tended to impress the public with the belief that he was instrumental in discovering the crookedness and was devoting all his energies to overhauling the offenders. The fact is that he was repeatedly appealed to by the newspaper men to take notice of the affair before he would touch it, and that all he did was to employ the information conveyed to him for his own particular ambitious purposes. Nevertheless it is upon his supposed intimate association with the exposure of these frauds that Mr. Berry has lived, moved and had his political being ever since.

It will be recalled by the readers of The Gazette-Times that the only official investigation of the capital frauds was conducted by a special committee of the Legislature under instructions from Governor Stuart, and out of the inquiry grew the prosecutions which afterward resulted in the conviction, imprisonment and death of the guilty men. The chairman of this committee was former Senator John S. Fisher of Indiana county. Mr. Fisher has just addressed a statement to voters in which he says, among other things:

"No citizen of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania gave less aid to that investigation than did Mr. Berry, because he did absolutely nothing. After the investigation commission was organized, its first official request for information and assistance was made upon Mr. Berry. In his reply Mr. Berry stated in substance that he knew nothing that would aid the commission and that he could not refer to any witnesses or give it any document which would throw any light on the alleged capitol frauds. I am now particularly surprised at this confession of ignorance on the part of Mr. Berry in view of his recent declarations that he had spent large sums of money in hiring experts to assist him in making investigations. Within one week after Mr. Berry's confession that he could not aid the commission by the production of facts, the commission itself laid bare the whole fraudulent transaction.

The truth is that Mr. Berry had the evidence of the fraud stacked up all around him and was oblivious of its existence. Even a large number of the vouchers given for the outrageous purchases for furniture and furnishings bore the official stamp of Mr. Berry's own approval, given after he had entered the office of State Treasurer."

There can be no legitimate criticism of Mr. Berry for any actual part he may have had in uncovering corruption in connection with the capitol building. Nobody wants to rob him of any credit which is his proper due. At the same time it is the height of demagogism, not to say impudence and false pretense for him to claim unusual distinction for what he certainly did not do. The moment that he realized that the Republican party and a Republican administration were determined to bring to account all who had been guilty of grafting, and all who had been unfaithful to their trusts Mr. Berry lost active interest in the proceedings. In other words, it suited his game to pursue the wrong-doers as long as he could wring partizan advantage from such a course, but as soon as he discovered that only the public welfare was to be served, that crime was to be rebuked regardless of the political predilictions of the prosecuted or prosecutors, Mr. Berry's zeal cooled off. Senator Fisher, therefore, has done timely service in laying bare Mr Berry's recaleitrancy at a most critical stage in the State's history, when the assistance of every courageous official was needed in order that justice might have its way.

Mr. Berry may be money honest. His organs say he is, as if that were a rare virtue and the sole requirement of a man seeking high office. The Philadelphia Record, a Democratic newspaper, referring to an incident some years ago, touching certain persons now dead, when state treasury funds were placed in a depository, so that a third man might borrow therefrom, says "if that was a crime it was morally a crime for State Treasurer Berry to give a note for $15,000 to Jas. M. Guffey, a Democratic boss, and have that apparently worthless piece of paper discounted in a bank carrying over $700,000 of state money. So far as we are able to discover, the bank that advanced $15,000 out of the state funds on a Berry note while Berry was State Treasurer is yet out the $15,000. The Record never has supported and never will support men of the Berry type for governor of Pennsylvania."

The Record supported Mr. Berry five years ago for State Treasurer. The Berry of 1905 is the same Berry of 1910. The only difference is that now he has been found out. His political duplicity has been revealed. His official faithlessness has become known. For some good reason, which the reader may guess for himself, the leading Democratic paper in Philadelphia and the only Democratic paper in Pittsburgh are opposed to him. Why, then, should any Republican trust him or for a moment think of voting for him.

Ex-Senator John S. Fisher referred to above, is a brother of J. A. Fisher of Emporium, one of the most substantial business men of this county, as well as a true blue Republican.

To the Voters of Cameron County

I am a candidate for the Legislature and respectfully solicit your votes for me at the coming election, Tuesday, Nov. 8, 1910.

I have always stood for

Schools and Churches,
Play Grounds and Factories,
Farms and Homes.

I have lived here 23 years and you all know me and that I have used my best efforts for the permanent advancement ofthe interests of the whole county.

Our towns and county are growing and we are getting better schools, better churches and more factories. We are on the FRONT LINE in many things and I will try to do my share to keep us there, and to progress as fast as opportunity and means permit us. We firmly believe the county is only beginning to open up its coal operations and brick clays and that they hold a large and sure future for us all.

Trusting to merit your support and assuring you of my appreciation and best endeavor.

Yours very truly,

JOSIAH HOWARD,

Emporium, Pa., Oct. 17, 1910.

Stuart's Indorsement of Tener.

From the Philadelphia Inquirer.

For nearly four years Edwin S. Stuart has conducted the affair of Pennsylvania as its chief executive. In the campaign of 1906 he was the Republican candidate for Governor. Rarely has there been a political battle such as that was. Mr. Stuart had led an honorable life, but that fact did not prevent the villifiers of Pennsylvania and the libelers of Philadelphia and the agitators from assailing him on the stump. The people were told that if elected the State would go to the dogs; that he did not own himself; that he was the candidate of the "bosses," and as such must bow to them. All sorts of evils were predicted

Not only was he the target for the coterie of political highwaymen in Philadelphia and the hypocrites in politics eyerywhere to fire it, but men entirely honest in their opinions—mistaken, but honest—argued and voted against him. Rudolph Blankenburg was one of those who stumped the State and did his best to defeat Stuart. William H. Berry was active in his denunciations.

What happened? The majority of the people were not to be fooled. They supported Stuart and he was elected. And there has followed an administration that has proved to be a model. There is, and can be, no just criticism of the Stuart administration. On the contrary, it is admitted even by his former fierce opponents that the Republican administration of the affairs of Pennsylvania stands without a blemish.

To-day another Republican candidate, pledged to carry out the Stuart policies is before the people, and once more the same agitation is heard throughout the State. Tener cannot own himself, they tell us, just as they said of Stuart when the latter was the candidate.

Governor Stuart has won by splendid service the right to be considered a straightforward and level-headed man. He knows just what estimate to place upon the political frothings of men with an itch to seize upon the government of Pennsylvania. He knows how mistaken honest men may be. He is in a position, through actual exerience, to size up the present situation. When Governor Stuart speaks, he speaks with sincerity, and when he presides over a Republican meeting, as he did over the tremendous ovation to Tener, which aroused all Harrisburg on Monday night, he presides because he believes that it is the right and honest thing to do. When he says of Tener, as he did in his presentation speech, "I am satisfied that he will do what he promises you what he will do, and I say that with all sincerity," he means precisely that.

Governor Stuart has confidence in Tener. And so have we.

Latest Popular Music.

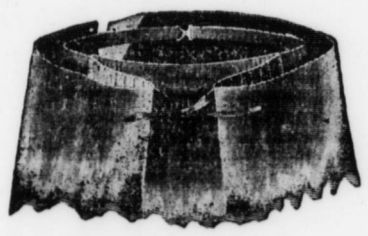
Miss May Gould, teacher of piano fort has received a full line of the latest and most popular sheet music. All the popular airs. Popular and classical music. Prices reasonable.

44-tf

A perfect fitting Petticoat with all objectionable features eliminated. The inside band forms the foundation, and the surplus is drawn to the centre, forming an inverted box pleat

"Flexifit"

No fasteners or hooks
No rubber or elastic



No puckers or gathers
No gaping at the back

Petticoat

The uncomfortable clinging of the ordinary petticoat is eliminated. The pitch and balance of the garment swings to the rear, giving a graceful flare and sweep, which hitherto has been possible only in illustration.

MILLINERY AND SUITS Fourth Street, Emporium, Pa.

Dependable Goods

I show goods that are cheap, but not cheap goods. I want my goods to become your goods. In point of merchandise facility for display, variety of stock, value for price and liberality to customers we have determined that no store shall surpass us.

Coppersmiths,

Section Against Section.

Sectional differences had in 1892 aroused sectional feeling between the new voters of the Western States and other sections. Greenbackism, popularism, free silver, etc., divided the Democratic party, but Grover Cleveland on January 8th, 1892, boldly declared: "Party faithlessness is party dishonor. The Democratic party is pledged to unmistakable Tariff reform, and will be beaten if it relies upon political finesse. The least retreat bodes disaster." With this as a slogan he was elected President for his second term. False representations then, as now, as to the high cost of living caused by the Tariff persuaded many voters to believe that the Republicans were robbing them, and Cleveland was elected. Prosperity was changed to depression, as Democratic success seemed probable. It did not not wait for nomination or election of Cleveland, but it continued until the Western Democrats had a chance to try free silverism, which was their craze, in the endeavor to show Cleveland Democrats that their panic might have been avoided had they not turned down free silver in 1892.

The West, under Bryan and free silver, openly declared war against the East; a strife that Bryan has never ceased to keep alive. Now the Socialists seem to have captured enough Western Republicans to array West ern Republicans against the East, until the whole country is unsettled; section fighting against section, and each section ruffled by contests of its own. For instance, Woodrow Wilson, a New Jersey Free-Trader, who has shown the buzzing bee in his bonnet, prefers to seek for political honors with an eye to the presidency. Dix in New York State has entered the race for 1912. Bryan, Harmon, Hoke Smith, Mayor Gaynor and others are in the race, each anxious for Democratic success, but inwardly only so far as the election will aid their personal prospects for higher office. Tammany desires a Democratic victory in New Jersey, but it does not want Wilson. New Jersey Democrats want a Democratic victory in New York, but do not want Dix a rival in 1912 against Wilson.

In 1908 the Democrats made a terrific fight to beat the Republicans, whose slogan was revision of the Tariff on Protection lines. Now the Democrats and Insurgents seek the offices under a banner of "revision downward," shouting damnation to the wicked Republicans for not fulfilling a promise which they never made. The Insurgent Republicans of the West declare their opposition to the rich and wealthy of the East and are bent upon crippling industry by Tariff reduction. Their sectionalism has even gone to the length of vicious attacks upon the Protection that is embodied in the Tariff legislation of their own party. They seem to have completely lost sight of the fact that the blow which they would strike at the industrial producers of the East must envitably fall upon the agricultural producers of the West. Similarly some industrial interests of the East have clamored for Free-Trade in farm products; for free hides, free wool, and the removal of all Tariffs from Canada's surplus products of the soil.

It is a case of section against section, and it is producing chaotic conditions that will not be rectified until the party of Protection returns to its former basis of sound, consistent Protection for every form of industry.—American Economist.

The Ally of the Democracy.

The New York "Herald" has just completed a painstaking investigation of the political conditions in every State, with especial reference to the fight for control of the House in the Sixty-second Congress. Its inquiries lead to the conclusion that of the 391 districts, 118 must be classified as doubtful or debatable. The "Herald" adds:—

"But not only is the House of Representatives at stake in this election—the political control of the Senate may be also involved."

In no other campaign since Bryan divided the Democracy has that party been so hopeful of victory. The chairman of the Democratic Congressional Committee, Representative Lloyd, of Missouri, a few days ago confidently predicted that the Democrats would have a surprisingly large majority in the next House. He included Pennsylvania in the list of States he said would show a gain for the Democracy. Mr Lloyd's prediction regarding Pennsylvania is based upon the hope that many Republicans, assuming that the Republican ticket is sure to win, will neglect to vote and that others may be deceived into voting the Keystone ticket.

The Republican who casts his ballot for the Keystone ticket must do so with his eyes open. He must know that he is voting for a Bryan Democrat, who, if elected, will do everything in his power to advance the interests of the Democratic Party in Pennsylvania and the nation. He must know that he is voting for Democratic candidates for the Legislature, who, if elected, will vote for a Democrat for United States Senator, and for Democratic candidates for the House at Washington, who are pledged to join other Democrats in passing a free trade tariff bill. A vote for the Keystone ticket will be a vote for the Democratic Party. There is not the slightest doubt of that.

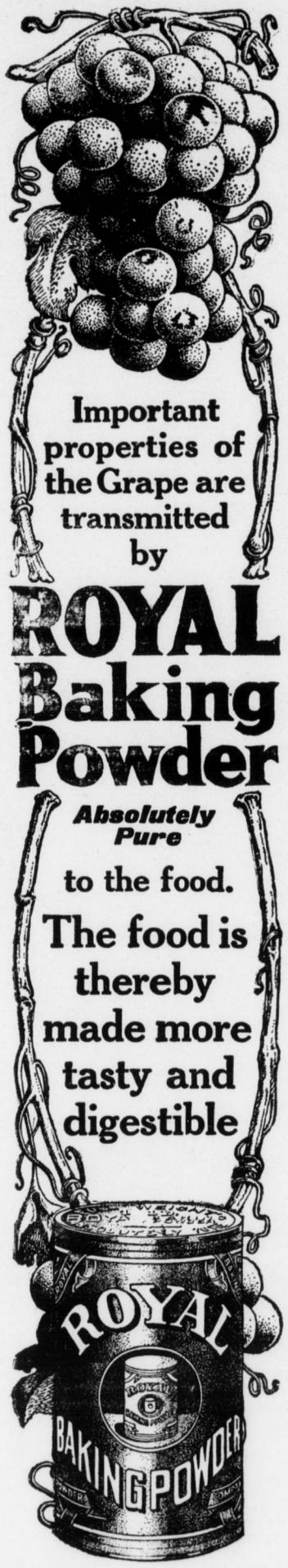
Executor's Notice.

Estate of William Hackenberg, late of the Borough of Emporium, County of Cameron and State of Pennsylvania, deceased.

LETTERS testamentary on the above Estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to make payment and those having claims to present the same without delay to

OLIVE T. HACKENBERG,
WILLIAM S. WALKER,
WILLIAM L. ERHARD,
Executors.

Or to their Attorneys,
GIBBS & FELT.
Emporium, Pa., Oct. 26th, 1910.—33-6t.



LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card, letter or personally.

Henry Robinson is making an extended visit in New Jersey, guest of his daughters.

Mrs. E. S. Coppersmith and Miss Jean Calmes conducted a sale in millinery at Driftwood, last Friday.

Mrs. Herbert Day and daughter, Miss Dorcas, left on Monday for Frienship, N. Y., to visit with relatives.

Miss Phyllis Diteman, of Buffalo, N. Y, is spending the week at Emporium, guest of the Misses Elsie and Hilda Kuehne.

Mrs. F. F. Day and children returned on Saturday from Roulette where Mrs. Day was called, on account of the serious illness of a sister.

Mrs. Edward Viner and children spent a few days of last week, guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Logan, at Beechwood.

Arch Merry, of Scio, N. Y., is spending the week in Emporium, guest at the home of his brother, W. J. Merry and wife, Sixth street.

Mrs. C. G. Schmidt, who has been visiting relatives and friends in Bradford county and other points, returned to her home at this place on Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. J. H. Herbaugh, Supt. of Emporium tannery, moved his family to this place last Wednesday, from Olean, N. Y. The Supt's residence has been greatly improved by the tannery company.

Mrs. John T. Hertig, who has been spending the past month at Beaver Falls, Pa, where she was guest of her daughter, Mrs. S. Gordan McGiffin, returned to her home at this place last Friday afternoon.

Miss Hazel Chandler, of North Creek, was a PRESS caller Monday afternoon. She started on foot for her home, a distance of six miles, remarking as she smiling sailed out: "Oh! that's nothing, I often walk home."

Mrs. D B. Morton, of Sizerville, visited in Emporium on Tuesday, accompanied by her daughter. Mr. and Mrs. M., very recently entertained Mrs. Jessie Haines and Mrs. Alfred Lamkins, of Point Lomo, Cal.,—the former an aunt and the latter cousin of Mr. Morton.

Miss Kate Best visited with Ridgway friends Saturday and Sunday.

Misses Helen and Doris Caflisch, of Keating Summit, spent a short time in Emporium on Tuesday.

Mrs. E. E Whiting, of Sterling Run, was shopping at Emporium last Monday and was guest at The Warner.

R. E. Palmer, of Angelica, N. Y., spent a few days in Emporium the last of the week, guest of friends.

Mrs. Henry Ludlam went to North Bend, Pa., last Monday morning, having been called there by the illness of her sister.

John Heher, went to Elmira, N. Y., on Monday, where he will spend a short time, guest of his sister, Mrs. George Forsight.

J. B. Meisel, of Colegrove, was a business caller at this place last Mondoy afternoon, returning home on Tuesday.

Mrs. Charles Welsh, of Sixth street, had the misfortune to fall on the porch last Saturday and broke her right wrist.

C. L. Butler and daughter, Miss Mabel, left to-day for Port Allegany, to visit with Jos. M. Butler and family over night.

Amos Kresge, of DuBois, was a PRESS visitor on Wednesday. He is hustling his lumber job in Shippen.

Mrs. S. H. McDonough returned on Wednesday from the Williamsport hospital, where she underwent an operation several weeks ago.

Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Branson, who have been spending some time at Columbus, Ohio, returned to Emporium last Monday afternoon.

Mrs. James Farrell went to St. Marys on Tuesday morning and spent a short time with relatives, returning home on Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Leary have moved into one of the Mullin dwellings on Broad street. This double residence has been greatly improved.

Mrs. Fred L. Webster and daughter Miss Irene, returned to their home at Canoe Run last Friday, after spending the week taking in the sights at Washington, D. C.

Mr. W. Hartman, of Williamsport, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. Henry Auchu and family, West Fourth street. Mr. Hartman has many friends here who are pleased to welcome him.

Mrs. George A. Callahan, of Driftwood, was a business caller at this place last Saturday and was guest at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Schweikart.

John M. Fenton, wife and daughter have returned to their bome at this place, after spending the past six weeks visiting places of interest on the Pacific Coast.

Civil Engineer A. H. Shafer transacted business in Emporium Tuesday evening and dropped in to pay his respects to the PRESS. He was on his return from southern part of the state.

Mrs. George Lippert and son, of Kane, spent a few days of last week, guest at the home of her mother, Mrs. Farrell and family, East Fourth St.

Mrs. Anna Ames and Mr. James Hayes, of The Warner, went to Renovo last Monday afternoon to assist, Mr. H. W. Smith and wife, in the opening of the New Clinton.

E. J. Smith, who returned on Tuesday from "down east," has secured a position in the Stevens automobile factory at Chippee Falls, Mass, and leaves Emporium in the near future.

Mrs. John Robinson, and daughter Miss Grace, spent last Saturday and Sunday at Ridgway, visiting relatives and friends. Master Edward Robinson spent Institute week at Ridgway.

Mrs. Chas. M. Kester, of Shickshinny, Pa, sister of Hon. Geo. J. La Bar, who has been guest of the genial Judge and family at their cozy residence, West Fifth street, departed for home on Tuesday.

Thos. H. Norris, President of the Borough Council, visited Corry last Sunday, returning home the same day, accompanied by his son Fay, who had been visiting some relatives there for a week

J. H. Drum, J. B. Haynes, of Grove, W. H. Summerson, Hicks Run, and Ezra Smith, Sterling Run were pleasant PRESS callers last Thursday, each renewing their subscriptions to the PRESS thereby reading the news from the entire county. The PRESS is the only paper giving the county news each week.

G. W. Lingle, of Bellefonte, Pa., who has been spending the past few weeks at Emporium, guest of his son, W. S. Lingle and family, West Fifth street, went to Johnsonburg last Saturday afternoon, where he will spend a short time. Mr. Lingle is in his 88th year and it is remarkable how well he gets around. W. S. Lingle accompanied him to Johnsonburg.

C. Fulton Hutchison, who has been employed in the Old Reliable Drug Store for the past month, has been compelled to give up his position for a short time owing to ill health. Last Friday evening he departed for the home of his brother at Dowingtown, Pa. Mr. Hutchison is a very pleasant gentleman and made many friends in Emporium, who regret that he has left town and hope for his speedy recovery and return.

Daniel Collins, of Austin, brother of Mrs. R. C. Dodson, spent a short time in Emporium on Tuesday. On Tuesday evening, Mr. and Mrs. James Kelley, of Coudersport, arrived in town and on Wednesday evening Mrs. Willard Covenny, *nee* Miss Mayme McCabe, of Oil City, arrived and they are guests at the home of R. C. Dodson and family, having been called here by the very serious illness of Mr. Dodson. We are very sorry to state that Mr. Dodson does not improve and very little hopes are entertained for his recovery.

WANTED:—Four men to cut pulp wood, at Howard Siding. Apply to Amos Kresge either on the job or at DuBois, Pa.

A Household Medicine

To be really valuable must show equally good results from each member of the family using it. Foley's Honey and Tar does just this. Whether for children or grown persons Foley's Honey and Tar is best and safest for all coughs and colds. For sale by Emporium Drug Co.

John K. Tener.

A mass of stuff has been been printed about the Republican candidate, John K. Tener, by a sensational journal, to which the candidate has made answer. But in spite of the innuendoes and the very evident attempt to accomplish results by insinuation, the journal in question has not once made a direct charge of personal dishonesty. Mr. Tener's personal honesty has never been questioned by the sensational newspaper, says Philadelphia Inquirer. Not a single dishonest dollar has been traced to his possession. When the mess simmers down it is found that the most serious charge brought against Mr. Tener is that, before connecting himself with a certain corporation or company, he relied more upon the word of men whom he believed to be reputable and upon the presence as directors of men of unimpeachable honesty than he did upon a personal examination of the assets. He was with the company but a short time, having handed in his resignation because he could not give attention to its affairs.

The most that can be urged against Mr. Tener as an unfit candidate is that he did not make a personal examination. But as an offset to that argument is the fact that he so quickly left the company. On the other hand, it may well be argued that Mr. Tener has proved his business qualities by carrying on, as its president, a national bank in his own town of Charleroi and making of it a pronounced financial and business success; that as secretary and treasurer of a successful savings bank and trust company he has again shown his ability. In his own home, where he comes into direct business relations with his neighbors, his honesty and his capability are everywhere acknowledged.

There are three prominent candidates before the people. One of them is State Senator Grim, the nominee of the Democratic State Convention. There is another, Mr. Berry, who, failing to secure the Democratic nomination in a regular way, summoned together a few followers and placed himself at the head of a Bolting Democratic Party. Mr. Berry appeals among the Democrats, especially to the Bryan wing. The third candidate is John K. Tener, and between these three the voters of Pennsylvania must make their choice.

This is a great Republican State. Throughout the Nation agitation has aroused a fierce conflict, largely, almost wholly, for that matter, on account of the recent tariff legislation. It was precisely so when, following the passage of the McKinley tariff bill, the agitators assailed that measure. Very much the same fight was conducted in Pennsylvania in the year 1890 as now. The Rupublican party was defeated. Triumphant Democracy rode rough shod over everything two years later, and we had a Democratic President and the Wilson tariff, with results that were disastrous. Now Republicans are facing almost an exact parallel situation. They are asked to desert their party, as they were then, and take up with a Democratic Berry or a Democratic Grim. They subsequently regretted in sackcloth and ashes the turning over of Pennsylvania to the Democrats in 1890. They would just as surely repent the defeat of Tener in Pennsylvania should they bring it about next week.

Nor is there any reason from a local standpoint why Tener should not be elected. The Republican Party has given a remarkable demonstration of honesty and ability through the administration of its present Governor, Edwin S. Stuart. To a continuance of the same high ideals Mr. Tener stands pledged, and Governor Stuart is on the stump to give his opinion that Mr. Tener means to do precisely what he promises and to advise in all sincerity the election of the full Republican ticket.

Where Governor Stuart leads any Republican may follow with every confidence that he is doing the right thing.

Mr. Tener in his speeches gives evidence of an appreciation of the high duties of office. He is sound on the questions of the day, both of local and general importance. Mr. Berry, on the contrary, has devoted himself principally to detailing his grievances as an unsuccessful applicant to the Democratic leaders at the Allentown convention. He has been a Prohibitionist one day, only to betray the party the next. He has advocated local option, only to make such an impression upon various saloon delegates at Allentown as to bring them to his support. His relations when State Treasurer with the dictator of the Democratic Party, Colonel Guffey, were such as to enable him to apply to Guffey for a considerable loan, now long overdue. It may be that he needs the emoluments of the office of Governor to enable him to pay off that loan, but we submit that ambition is not one that should appeal to the voters of Pennsylvania.

The Republican who leaves his party this year, whether it be in New York or New Jersey or Ohio or Massachusetts or Pennsylvania, is playing with fire.

The Pink Tea Bosses.

Governor Stuart's manly speech the other night has been a sockdolager for the pretenders of the Keystone aggregation. They have deluded themselves with the foolish idea that the Republicans, experienced in many a battle, were running before the popguns of the pink-tea bosses.—Harrisburg Telegraph.

For Sale.

Three gas stoves, one ten-foot extension dining table, two chamber suits and and 2½-horse power gas engine.

E. J. SMITH, Maple St.,
Emporium, Pa.

The Churches.

FIRST BAPTIST.
REV. J. L. BOGUE, Pastor.

10.30 a. m.—"Knocking Over an Ancient Religious Idea"
11:45—Sunday School.
6:30—Y. P. S. C. E.
7:30—Annual Sunday School Rally in the Church.

The evening service will be given over to a special program prepared by the Sunday School. Recitations, drills, singing and a report of the Altoona Convention. Come out and help us make it a big meeting.

EMMANUEL CHURCH.
REV. M. L. TATE, Rector.

The following services will be held at Emmanuel Church on next Sunday, the 24th Sunday after Trinity.

There will be a Celebration of the Holy Communion at 10:30 o'clock. The theme of the sermon will be "St. Paul's Prayer for the Colossians."

The Sunday School will convene at 12:00 o'clock in the Parish House.

Evening prayer and sermon at 7:30 p. m. The theme will be "The Sonship of Believers."

On Friday evening, the Junior Class will sing; all the boys and girls of the ages between 8 and 13 are urged to come. The Rector will deliver a short address on the subject: "Four Things to Remember." The service will begin promptly at 7:30 o'clock and last only about three quarters of an hour. All the members and friends of the Parish are invited to come to this service.

Strangers are always welcome at Emmanuel Church.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL.
REV. J. F. ANDERSON, Pastor.

Subject of pastor's morning sermon next Sunday will be, "The Holy Catholic Church." Evening subject, "Good Rule is Necessary to Good Government." Baptism of adults and reception of members in the morning service.

Class meeting, 9:30, a. m.
Sunday School, 11:55 a m.
Epworth League, 6:15 p. m.
Prayer Meeting Wednesday evenings.
Choir rehearsal Friday evenings.
Comfortable pews and a cordial welcome for all who come.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

A Little Blowing

is something that the housewife cannot refrain from when she offers you some of the delicious bread that she has made from the PET GROVE flour. The children and the whole family love the white, light and delightfully flavored bread that is made from this superlative flour, and your success as a bread baker is assured when you use the PET GROVE flour from your grocers.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., Oct. 24, 1910.

NEMOPHILA, per sack		$1 45
Felt's Fancy,	"	1 65
Pet Grove,	"	1 70
Roller Meal	"	50
Rye	"	70
Graham	"	75
New Buckwheat Flour. 24 lb. sack,		75
New Buckwheat Flour. 10 lb. sack,		35
Coarse Meal per 100,		1 25
Chop Feed,	"	1 25
Cracked Corn per 100		1 25
White Middlings,		1 60
Bran,		1 25
Chicken Wheat	"	1 90
Screenings	"	1 25
Oil Meal	"	2 00
Corn per bushel,		70
White Oats, per bushel,		45
New White Oats		
Oyster Shells, per 100		75
Sterling Chick Feed		2 00
Sterling Scratch Feed		1 90
Daisy Dairy Feed,		1 40
Scratch Feed,		1 90
Chick Feed,		2 00
Cotton Seed Meal,		1 90
Mammoth Clover Seed, per bu.		10 50
Medium Clover Seed,	"	10 50
Alsyke Clover Seed,	"	10 50
Timothy Seed	"	5 05
German Millet Seed,	"	2 20

Square Deal Mills
EMPORIUM, PA.

E. J. Rogers, Prop'r

OUR MOTTO:—
Honest Weight and Honest Goods.

We have taken the agency for Washburn & Crosby's latest creation "Supreme". Just a little the best Flour made. Try a small sack and you will buy a barrel.

Call, phone or write. Out of town orders filled same day received.

A share of the trade respectfully solicited.

The Why of The Rye

"If there is a Reason" this is the Reason why. The men who buil tthe pyramids were the men whose food was Rye, ancient "pulse"—modern Rye.

The why and wherefore of their strength has been the amazed wonder of the world. From the ancient Egyptians to the Romans, from the Romans to the Anglo-Saxon, from the Anglo-Saxon to the Northern peasantry of Europe, this food has been passed on and down the centuries. It is to be had now at

ROSE'S ROLLED RYE 10c

DAY'S
The Satisfactory Store

ROSE'S ROASTED RYE 10c

Economy Prices for Friday and Saturday

25lb bag Best Granulated Sugar $1.50.
Pure lard in bulk 17c. lb.
15c Imported Macaroni, any style, lb 12c.
New Malaga Grapes, Fancy stock lb 15c.
Choice Yellow onions the peck 25c.
50c quality Tea, Green, Black or Mixed, lb 40c.
Churches Arm and Hammer brand soda 8c lb.
7 cakes Proctor & Gamble's Lenox Soap for 25c.
20c bottle Queen Olives 15c.
Fancy Cape Cod Cranberris, 3 qts for 25c.
Fresh Fig Bars, Ontario Biscuit Co., goods lb. 12½c

Fresh Caugh Lake Fish, LEAVE ORDERS FOR DELIVERY EARLY FRIDAY a. m

Sanitary Baltimore Shucked Oysters

Delivery to all Parts of Town Twice Each Day.

You Get Better Values Here.

J. H. DAY,

Phone 6. Emporium.

All the Latest Things in Millinery
Can Always be Found Here.

A New Shipment of BLACK BEAVER HATS received this week.

We have all the newest things in Hair Goods now. Good Human Hair Switches, $1.50 to 8.00.

We are the only merchants who carry the La France Corset. Ask to see it.

LUDLAMS.

THE CIRCULAR STAIRCASE

BY MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

ILLUSTRATIONS BY ROY WATERS

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SYNOPSIS.

Miss Innes, spinster and guardian of Gertrude and Halsey, established summer headquarters at Sunnyside. The servants desert. Gertrude and Halsey arrive with Jack Bailey. The house was awakened by a revolver shot and Arnold Armstrong was found shot to death in the hall. Miss Innes found Halsey's revolver on the lawn. He and Jack Bailey had disappeared. Gertrude revealed that she was engaged to Jack Bailey, with whom she talked in the billiard room shortly before the murder. Detective Jamieson accused Miss Innes of holding back evidence. He imprisoned an intruder in an empty room. The prisoner escaped. Gertrude was suspected because of an injured foot. Halsey reappears and says he and Bailey were called away by a telegram. Cashier Bailey of Paul Armstrong's bank, defunct, was arrested for embezzlement. Paul Armstrong's death was announced. Halsey's fiancee, Louise Armstrong, told Halsey that while she still loved him, she was to marry another. It developed that Dr. Walker was the man. Louise was found at the bottom of the circular staircase. Recovering consciousness, she said something had brushed by her on the stairway and she fainted. Bailey is suspected of Armstrong's murder. After "seeing a ghost," Thomas, the lodgekeeper, was found dead with a slip in his pocket bearing the name of "Lucien Wallace." Dr. Walker asked Miss Innes to vacate in favor of Mrs. Armstrong. She refused. A note from Bailey to Gertrude arranging a meeting at night was found.

CHAPTER XXI—Continued.

"Grossmutter," he said. And I saw Mr. Jamieson's eyebrows go up.

"German," he commented. "Well, young man, you don't seem to know much about yourself."

"I've tried it all the week," Mrs. Tate broke in. "The boys knows a word or two of German, but he doesn't know where he lived, or anything about himself."

Mr. Jamieson wrote something on a card and gave it to her.

"Mrs. Tate," he said, "I want you to do something. Here is some money for the telephone call. The instant the boy's mother appears here, call up that number and ask for the person whose name is there. You can run across to the drug store on an errand and do it quietly. Just say, 'The lady has come.'"

"'The lady has come,'" repeated Mrs. Tate. "Very well, sir, and I hope it will be soon. The milk bill alone is almost double what it was."

"How much is the child's board?" I asked.

"Three dollars a week, including his washing."

"Very well," I said. "Now, Mrs. Tate, I am going to pay last week's board and a week in advance. If the mother comes she is to know nothing of this visit—absolutely not a word, and, in return for your silence, you may use this money for—something for your own children."

Her tired, faded face lighted up, and I saw her glance at the little Tates' small feet. Shoes, I divined—the feet of the genteel poor being almost as expensive as their stomachs.

As we went back Mr. Jamieson made only one remark; I think he was laboring under the weight of a great disappointment.

"Is King's a children's outfitting place?" he asked.

"Not especially. It is a general department store."

He was silent after that, but he went to the telephone as soon as we got home, and called up King & Co. in the city.

After a time he got the general manager, and they talked for some time. When Mr. Jamieson hung up the receiver he turned to me.

"The plot thickens," he said with his ready smile. "There are four women named Wallace at King's, none of them married, and none over 20. I think I shall go up to the city to-night. I want to go to the Children's hospital. But before I go, Miss Innes, I wish you would be more frank with me than you have been yet. I want you to show me the revolver you picked up in the tulip bed."

So he had known all along!

"It was a revolver, Mr. Jamieson," I admitted, cornered at last, "but I cannot show it to you. It is not in my possession."

CHAPTER XXII.

A Ladder Out of Place.

At dinner Mr. Jamieson suggested sending a man out in his place for a couple of days, but Halsey was certain there would be nothing more, and felt that he and Alex could manage the situation. The detective went back to town early in the evening, and by nine o'clock Halsey, who had been playing golf—as a man does anything to take his mind away from trouble—was sleeping soundly on the big leather davenport in the living room.

I sat and knitted, pretending not to notice when Gertrude got up and wandered out into the starlight. As soon as I was satisfied that she had gone, however, I went out cautiously. I had no intention of eaves-dropping, but I wanted to be certain that it was Jack Bailey she was meeting. Too many things had occurred in which Gertrude was, or appeared to be, involved, to allow anything to be left in question.

I went slowly across the lawn, skirted the hedge to a break not far from the lodge, and found myself on the open road. Perhaps 100 feet to the left the path led across the valley to the Country club, and only a little way off was the foot-bridge over Casanova creek. But just as I was about to turn down the path I heard steps coming toward me, and I shrank into the bushes. It was Gertrude, going back quickly toward the house.

I was surprised. I waited until she had had time to get almost to the house before I started. And then I stepped back again into the shadows. The reason why Gertrude had not kept her tryst was evident. Leaning on the parapet of the bridge in the moonlight, and smoking a pipe, was Alex, the gardener. I could have throttled Liddy for her carelessness in reading the torn note where he could hear. And I could cheerfully have choked Alex to death for his audacity.

But there was no help for it; I turned and followed Gertrude slowly back to the house.

The frequent invasions of the house had effectually prevented any relaxation after dusk. We had redoubled our vigilance as to bolts and window-locks, but, as Mr. Jamieson had suggested, we allowed the door at the east entry to remain as before, locked by the Yale lock only. To provide only one possible entrance for the invader, and to keep a constant guard in the dark at the foot of the circular staircase, seemed to be the only method.

In the absence of the detective, Alex and Halsey arranged to change off, Halsey to be on duty from ten to two, and Alex from two until six. Each man was armed, and, as an additional precaution, the one off duty slept in a room near the head of the circular staircase and kept his door open, to be ready for emergency.

These arrangements were carefully kept from the servants, who were only commencing to sleep at night, and who retired, one and all, with barred doors and lamps that burned full until morning.

The house was quiet again Wednesday night. It was almost a week since Louise had encountered some one on the stairs, and it was four days since the discovery of the hole in the trunk-room wall. Arnold Armstrong and his father rested side by side in the Casanova churchyard, and at the Zion African church, on the hill, a new mound marked the last resting-place of poor Thomas.

Louise was with her mother in town, and, beyond a polite note of thanks to me, we had heard nothing from her. Dr. Walker had taken up his practice again, and we saw him now and then flying along the road, always at top speed. The murder of Arnold Armstrong was still unavenged, and I remained firm in the position I had taken—to stay at Sunnyside until the thing was at least partly cleared.

And yet, for all its quiet, it was on Wednesday night that perhaps the boldest attempt was made to enter the house. On Thursday afternoon the laundress sent word she would like to speak to me, and I saw her in my private sitting room, a small room beyond the dressing room.

Mary Anne was embarrassed. She had rolled down her sleeves and tried a white apron around her waist, and she stood making folds in it with fingers that were red and shiny from her soap-suds.

"Well, Mary," I said encouragingly, "what's the matter? Don't dare to tell me the soap is out."

"No, ma'am, Miss Innes." She had a nervous habit of looking first at my one eye and then at the other, her own optics shifting ceaselessly, right eye, left eye, right eye, until I found myself doing the same thing. "No, ma'am. I was askin' did you want the ladder left up the clothes chute?"

"The what?" I screeched, and was sorry the next minute. Seeing her suspicions were verified, Mary Anne had gone white, and stood with her eyes shifting more wildly than ever.

"There's a ladder up the clothes chute, Miss Innes," she said. "It's up that tight I can't move it, and I didn't like to ask for help until I spoke to you."

It was useless to dissemble; Mary Anne knew now as well as I did that the ladder had no business to be there. I did the best I could, however. I put her on the defensive at once.

"Then you didn't lock the laundry last night?"

"I locked it tight, and put the key in the kitchen on its nail."

"Very well, then you forgot a window."

Mary Anne hesitated.

"Yes'm," she said at last. "I thought I locked them all, but there was one open this morning."

I went out of the room and down the hall, followed by Mary Anne. The door into the clothes chute was securely bolted, and when I opened it I saw the evidence of the woman's story. A pruning ladder had been brought from where it had lain against the stable and now stood upright in the clothes shaft, its end resting against the wall between the first and second floors.

I turned to Mary.

"This is due to your carelessness," I said. "If we had all been murdered in our beds it would have been your fault." She shivered. "Now, not a word of this through the house, and send Alex to me."

The effect on Alex was to make him apoplectic with rage, and with it all I fancied there was an element of satisfaction. As I look back, so many things are plain to me that I wonder I could not see at the time. It is all known now, and yet the whole thing was so remarkable that perhaps my stupidity was excusable.

Alex leaned down the chute and examined the ladder carefully.

"It is caught," he said with a grim smile. "The fools, to have left a warning like that! The only trouble is, Miss Innes, they won't be apt to come back for a while."

"I shouldn't regard that in the light of a calamity," I replied.

Until late that evening Halsey and Alex worked at the chute. They forced down the ladder at last, and put a new bolt on the door. As for myself, I sat and wondered if I had a deadly enemy, intent on my destruction.

I was growing more and more nervous. Liddy had given up all pretense at bravery, and slept regularly in my dressing room on the couch, with a prayer-book and a game knife from the kitchen under her pillow, thus preparing for both the natural and the supernatural. That was the way things stood that Thursday night, when I myself took a hand in the struggle.

CHAPTER XXIII.

While the Stables Burned.

About nine o'clock that night Liddy came into the living room and reported that one of the housemaids declared she had seen two men slip around the corner of the stable. Gertrude had been sitting staring in front of her, jumping at every sound. Now she turned on Liddy pettishly.

"I declare, Liddy," she said, "you are a bundle of nerves. What if Eliza did see some men around the stable? It may have been Warner and Alex."

"Warner is in the kitchen, miss," Liddy said with dignity. "And if you had come through what I have, you would be a bundle of nerves, too. Miss Rachel, I'd be thankful if you'd give me my month's wages to-morrow. I'll be going to my sister's."

"Very well," I said, to her evident

Mary Anne Had Gone White

amazement, "I will make out the check. Warner can take you down to the noon train."

Liddy's face was really funny.

"You'll have a nice time at your sister's," I went on. "Five children, hasn't she?"

"That's it," Liddy said, suddenly bursting into tears. "Send me away, after all these years, and your new shawl only half done, and nobody knowin' how to fix the water for your bath."

"It's time I learned to prepare my own bath." I was knitting complacently. But Gertrude got up and put her arms around Liddy's shaking shoulders.

"You are two big babies," she said soothingly. "Neither one of you could get along for an hour without the other. So stop quarreling and be good. Liddy, go right up and lay out aunty's night things. She is going to bed early."

After Liddy had gone I began to think about the men at the stable, and I grew more and more anxious. Halsey was aimlessly knocking the billiard balls around in the billiard room, and I called to him.

"Halsey," I said when he sauntered in, "is there a policeman in Casanova?"

"Constable," he said laconically. "veteran of the war, one arm; in office to conciliate the G. A. R. element. Why?"

"Because I am uneasy tonight." And I told him what Liddy had said. "Is there any one you can think of who could be relied on to watch the outside of the house to-night?"

"We might get Sam Bohannon from the club," he said thoughtfully. "It wouldn't be a bad scheme. He's a smart darky, and with his mouth shut and his shirt-front covered, you couldn't see him a yard off in the dark."

Halsey conferred with Alex, and the result, in an hour, was Sam. His instructions were simple. There had been numerous attempts to break into the house; it was the intention, not to drive intruders away, but to capture them. If Sam saw anything suspicious outside, he was to tap at the east entry, where Alex and Halsey were to alternate in keeping watch through the night.

As before, Halsey watched the east entry from ten until two. He had an eye to comfort, and he kept vigil in a heavy oak chair, very large and deep. We went upstairs rather early, and through the open door Gertrude and I kept up a running fire of conversation. Liddy was brushing my hair, and Gertrude was doing her own, with a long free sweep of her strong, round arms.

"Did you know Mrs. Armstrong and Louise are in the village?" she called.

"No," I replied, startled. "How did you hear it?"

"I met the oldest Stewart girl today, the doctor's daughter, and she told me they had not gone back to town after the funeral. They went directly to that little yellow house next to Dr. Walker's, and are apparently settled there. They took the house furnished for the summer."

"Why, it's a bandbox," I said. "I can't imagine Fanny Armstrong in such a place."

"It's true, nevertheless. Ella Stewart says Mrs. Armstrong has aged terribly, and looks as if she is hardly able to walk."

I lay and thought over some of these things until midnight. The electric lights went out then, fading slowly until there was only a red-hot loop to be seen in the bulbs, and then even that died away and we were embarked on the darkness of another night.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Condemns Sunshine Fad.

A well-known medical man condemns emphatically the form of vanity that leads people on their holidays to do their utmost to get sunburned. "Workers in city offices," he says, "who go into the country or to the seashore for only one or two weeks will deliberately sit about hatless in the blazing sun, so that they may come back looking brown and healthy. As often as not this practice will send them home far less fit for work than they were when the y started, for even if one escapes sunstroke the effects of the sun's rays upon the uncovered head are very bad. They will cause dizziness, headache, nausea and loss of appetite and will often upset the digestive system for many days. There are ways of avoiding the more serious effects of the sun, but personally I would advise the city dweller who must have a brown face to stain it with walnut juice and wear a broad-brimmed hat like a sane and sensible individual."

Making Him Go.

"I don't think I shall go to the poker party to-night."

"That's one of the truest thinks you have done for quite awhile."

"Jiax owes me $5 which he was to pay me at the party to-night, and which I had decided to give to you to go shopping with, but I am really too tired to go out; guess I'll let it go this time."

"That is just like you! If it was anything you wanted to do you would go in a minute, but when it is something for your wife you are too tired! You will go to that poker party to night or you will hear from me!"

A RARE SHEEP OPPORTUNITY

Enormous Receipts at Market—Farmers and Sheep Feeders Can Stock Up at Bargain Prices.

CAUSES OF THE RUN.

200,000 sheep and lambs received in three days—such, in round numbers, is the record-breaking run thus far this week on the Chicago market!

This enormous over-marketing of sheep is the result of temporary and peculiar causes, and offers a rare opportunity for farmers and sheep feeders to stock up at bargain prices.

This great rush of sheep to market comes mainly from Montana and adjoining western range country, and cannot last more than two or three weeks longer. It is no evidence of over-production. Its principal causes are the recent drought, which so burned out the grass that there will be very little winter feed on the range, and which prevented the putting up of sufficient hay to carry any considerable number of sheep over winter, while last winter was a very severe one and hay was so closely fed that there is no old hay left over for the purpose. The consequence is that sheep owners are forced to market the bulk of their sheep this fall, or else lose them in the fierce storms of winter.

The most serious cause of the present general liquidation, however, is the restriction of the range through occupation and fencing by dry farmers, who are grain growers, and not live stock raisers. The tremendous rush of these settlers upon the range within the last three years, and especially within the last twelve months, is hard for eastern people to realize. It is not alone the area actually enclosed by these settlers, but the breaking up thereby of vast regions of grazing lands into such small sections that they are no longer available to stockmen for grazing their flocks, which is one of the main reasons why the sheep supplies of the western range country are being more closely marketed this year than ever before in the history of the trade.

This means an inevitable shortage at market later on and next year, and with a constantly growing demand for both mutton and wool, it would seem that future good prices are assured.

The western range country has heretofore been the chief source of sheep market supplies, but unless the farmers of the corn belt begin at once to raise many more sheep than they have ever done before, there will be a great scarcity of both mutton and wool before long in this country.

Moreover, there is a world-shortage of live stock of all kinds. All Europe is short of sheep, and even Australia's supply is declining with rapidity. The same general causes that exist in this country are operating in other countries also. Populations are growing rapidly everywhere, while grazing areas are being reduced. As pasture land is turned to production of cereals, sheep raising declines.

Thousands of American farmers can turn this situation to their benefit, through increase of both soil fertility and money profit, by beginning right now each to keep a small flock of sheep upon his farm. And by taking advantage of the present opportunity to buy healthy, thrifty, growing western range sheep at bargain prices upon the heavily supplied Chicago market, they can stock up at minimum cost, whether they want foundation stock for breeding or the growing kind to fatten for market.

A Distant Compliment.

They were talking about a certain man who did not seem to be particularly popular. At last one of the group decided that it was time for him to say something complimentary about the subject of the conversation.

"That stepchild of his is a good little feller," he remarked, "and they say that he takes after his father, too."—Youth's Companion.

"Smoke" Was Mosquitoes.

A cloud of "smoke" which appeared to be arising from the cathedral tower at Belgrade was found, when the fire brigade arrived, to be a large cluster of mosquitoes, compact at the base and tapering toward the top.

New Idea for Pontoon Bridge.

Denmark is trying out a new pontoon bridge in which the pontoons are anchored beneath the surface of the water, the bridge remaining motionless irrespective of the rise and fall of the tide.

Chinese Seek Education.

The sudden demand for popular education in China is shown by the fact that the school attendance in one province has increased 8,000 per cent. in five years.

Say Raisins Impart Energy.

Speaking of the announcement by scientists that people may become energetic by eating raisins, the Chicago Record-Herald puts in the comment that the trouble is that most of the energy produced by eating raisins has to be expended in removing the seeds.

Abraham's Predicament.

The Sunday school class had reached the part in the lession where "Abraham entertained the angel unaware."

"And what now is the meaning of 'unaware?'" asked the teacher.

There was a bashful silence, then the smallest girl in the class piped up: "Un'erware is what you takes off before you puts on your nightie."—Lippincott's.

When a man seals up his head he is apt to think he is holding the fort.

TERRIBLE SUFFERING ENDED.

How An Allegan, Mich., Woman Regained Her Health.

Mrs. Robert Schwabe, R. F. D. No. 3, Allegan, Mich., says: "Doctors could not cure me and I was rapidly running into Bright's disease. Kidney secretions were like blood and I arose 8 to 10 times at night to void them. I became frightened at my condition. My sight began to fail and pains in my back were like knife-thrusts. I cried for hours, unable to control my nerves. After I started using Doan's Kidney Pills, I began to feel better and soon I was cured. I am a living testimonial of their merit."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box.

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Place of Honor.

Farmer Hodge was of the good, old-fashioned school, and he always gave a feast to his hands at harvest time.

It was harvest time and the feast was about to commence.

Giles was the oldest hand and the hostess, with beaming cordiality, motioned him to the seat by her right hand. But Giles remained silently unresponsive.

"Come," said the hostess, "don't be bashful, Mr. Giles"—he was just Giles on ordinary occasions—"you've a right to the place of honor, you know."

Giles deliberated a moment, then spoke.

"Thank you kindly, Mrs. Hodge," he said, "but if it's all the same to you, I'd rather sit opposite this pudden!"

Who Scratched the Bathtub?

Nice, porcelain bathtub, too; and all the folks thought it was just lovely. But somebody was washing it out and used common laundry soap—the yellow kind with rosin and strong caustic in it—and away went the enamel and the finish. (If that kind of soap will harm porcelain enamel, what won't it do to clothes?) "Easy Task Soap," the pure, white, antiseptic, five-cents-a-cake kind, will not harm anything but dirt. Try two cakes and get your money back if it isn't as represented.

History of Red Cross Seal.

"Charity stamps," first used in Boston in 1862 for the soldiers' relief funds during the Civil war, were the original forerunners of the Red Cross Christmas seal, which will be used this year to bring happiness and cheer to millions. The Delaware Anti-Tuberculosis society in 1907 for the first time in America made use of a stamp for the purpose of getting revenue to fight consumption. In a hastily organized campaign of only three weeks they realized $3,000. The next year, 1908, the American Red Cross conducted the first national tuberculosis stamp campaign. From this sale $135,000 was realized for the anti-tuberculosis movement. In 1909, under many adverse conditions, $250,000 was realized from these stamps. This year the slogan of the tuberculosis fighters and the Red Cross is "A Million for Turberculosis From Red Cross Seals in 1910."

Prudent Bridegroom.

"The uncertainties of life in New York are reflected in wedding rings," said the jeweler. "Of all the wedding rings I have sold this season more than half were brought back after the ceremony to have the date put on. The rest of the inscription was engraved when the ring was purchased, but in order that the date might be correct it was cautiously omitted until after the knot was tied."

News to Her.

He—Concerning love, everything possible has been said and thought.

She (coyly)—But not to me.—Fliegende Blaetter.

COFFEE WAS IT.

People Slowly Learn the Facts.

"All my life I have been such a slave to coffee that the very aroma of it was enough to set my nerves quivering. I kept gradually losing my health but I used to say 'Nonsense, it don't hurt me.'

"Slowly I was forced to admit the truth and the final result was that my whole nervous force was shattered.

"My heart became weak and uncertain in its action and that frightened me. Finally my physician told me, about a year ago, that I must stop drinking coffee or I could never expect to be well again.

"I was in despair, for the very thought of the medicines I had tried so many times nauseated me. I thought of Postum but could hardly bring myself to give up the coffee.

"Finally I concluded that I owed it to myself to give Postum a trial. So I got a package and carefully followed the directions, and what a delicious, nourishing, rich drink it was! Do you know I found it very easy to shift from coffee to Postum and not mind the change at all?

"Almost immediately after I made the change I found myself better, and as the days went by I kept on improving. My nerves grew sound and steady, I slept well and felt strong and well-balanced all the time.

"Now I am completely cured, with the old nervousness and sickness all gone. In every way I am well once more."

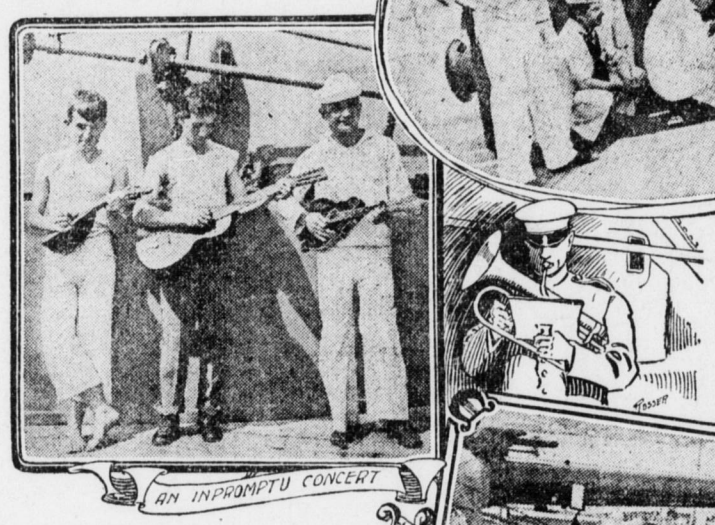
It pays to give up the drink that acts on some like a poison, for health is the greatest fortune one can have.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Music in the United States Navy

THE enlisted men in the United States navy work hard upon occasion and it is consequently only right that they should play hard when the time comes for relaxation and diversion. That they have the ability to play hard as well as to work hard is most apparant to any person who watches the bluejackets during their leisure moments either afloat or ashore, and the best part of it is that Jack's pastimes are of the wholesouled, healthful sort that refresh him in mind and body as well as amuse him. Music plays a most important part in the lighter side of life in the American navy, both as the accompaniment of the frolics of all kinds and as an entertainer in itself.

A PHONOGRAPH CONCERT

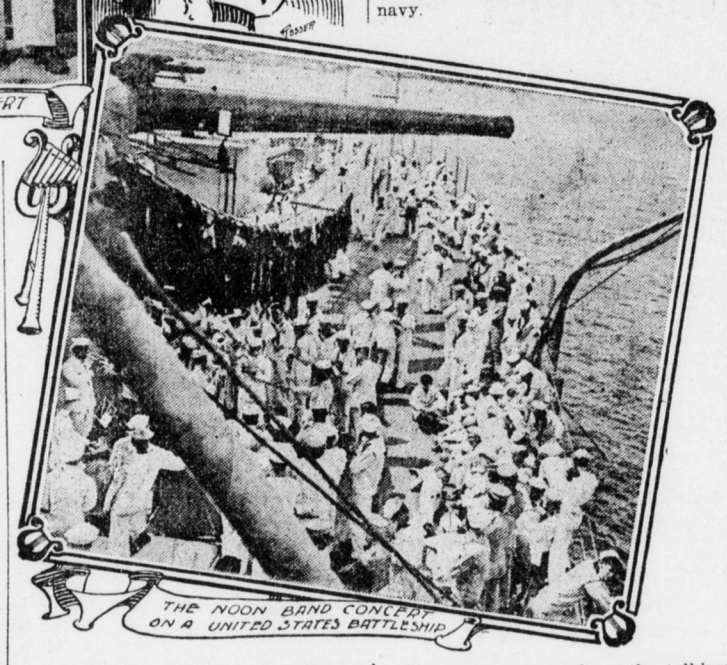

AN IMPROMPTU CONCERT

The foremost factor in the musical resources of a U. S. warship is, of course, the ship's band which may number anywhere from a dozen to sixteen pieces and is made up of men regularly enlisted as musicians. The bandsmen, perhaps because they devote their entire time to the musical vocation and have ample opportunity for practise are almost invariably skilled musicians and their ensemble work is excellent. Not only do they play on all festal occasions on shipboard and in the parades on shore but their music is also brought into requisition at times to hearten Jack for his work, notably on the occasion of the always arduous chore of "coaling ship." While the bluejackets, hot and grimy, are hoisting the fuel aboard, the band is stationed on deck discoursing the liveliest airs to keep their spirits from flagging.

The band also gives daily concerts on board, sometimes several times a day, but probably the one that is enjoyed most by the Jackies is the recital at the noon hour for half an hour following the mid-day meal. The selections are almost always of the most enlivening character,—waltzes and two steps,—and numbers of the boys dance on deck during this interim. Indeed, there is no more picturesque spectacle in the routine of naval life than that afforded by the tars in their white duck uniforms circling round and round the cleared space on the forward deck, the smooth boards of which make an ideal dancing floor.

The bluejackets have their own music quite aside from that contributed by the band. As might be expected a floating community of from 500 to 1,000 men includes many musicians and they are seldom loath to display their accomplishments for the benefit of their shipmates. Among the boys, banjos, guitars and mandolins are the favorite instruments but there are a number of violins and other instruments. On some ships the boys have formed glee clubs, whose songs, usually specially composed, are a distinct aid to the program at the minstrel shows and other entertainments held on shipboard from time to time.

After all, however, the greatest enthusiasm aroused by any form of music on shipboard is that evoked by the comparatively new mediums, the phonograph and the player piano. There is scarcely a ship in Uncle Sam's navy that has not its talking machine and player piano and sometimes there are several of the instruments on one vessel. The seamen, and the officers as well seem to never tire of the concerts made possible by these inventions and they have gone far, in conjunction with moving pictures, to relieve the monotony that was once a disadvantage of life in the navy.


THE NOON BAND CONCERT ON A UNITED STATES BATTLESHIP

The money to purchase the talking machines and pianos is raised by subscription or assessment of the ship's company and Jack, with proverbial prodigality always insists upon the best instrument obtainable regardless of price. In similar manner funds are raised for the purchase at regular intervals of new supplies of phonograph records and player piano rolls but oftimes the bluejackets will make individual purchases on their own hook and donate the new acquisitions to the ship. Especially is this the case with phonograph records and the haste manifested by the boys embraces everything from grand opera by world famous singers to the latest topical songs by vaudeville favorites. The ships of the navy also have an "exchange" system whereby records and rolls, alike to moving picture films, are exchanged in order to give the men on each vessel the widest possible variety.

The World's Greatest Oil Well

SITUATED two miles north or Maricopa, in Kern county, California, in what is known as the Kern River oil field, there is the greatest oil well known to the world. It is known as Lakeview No. 1. For some months it has been spouting forth a daily average of 50,000 barrels of oil, worth 65 cents a barrel where it gushes from the earth.

This extraordinary well has an interesting history. Its sinking was begun in the summer of 1909, and by October a depth of nearly 2,200 feet had been reached. At that point the drill encountered an enormous pressure, which forced earth, gravel, and rock upward in the hole for a distance of several feet. New wells are often filled in that way, the matter forced upward in the tube being so loose that it can be removed with a bailer. In the present case, however, the well was packed so tightly that redrilling was necessary.

Sometimes the drillers would gain on the pressure in the earth; at other times they would lose. The result was that in five months, or to March 15, 1910, the net increase in depth of the bore was only 50 feet. The well had been sunk into an oil sand, but it was believed that by going to a greater depth the chance of securing a large flow of oil would be increased. Finally, however, when five months' work had accomplished no greater result than is often gained in a single day under ordinary circumstances, the directors of the company owning the Lakeview well decided that it would be unwise to try to drill farther. The local superintendent, accordingly, was instructed to stop drilling and to permit the well to begin producing at the depth reached.

Oil Came With a Roar.

When the message was delivered, the well was spouting oil at the rate of 10,000 barrels a day. This was on March 15. In 24 hours the flow increased to 20,000 barrels daily, and in a week the average output was 40,000. In another week the average yield rose to 50,000 barrels, varying usually from 46,000 to 54,000. Occasionally, for a few hours, the well produced at the rate of 90,000 barrels a day. This enormous production followed the ejection of rock and shell from the tube, these having formed obstructions that temporarily checked the flow.

The oil came from the earth with a roar like that of a great conflagration. Forced by tremendous pressure, it shot as high as 350 feet into the air, the black, smoky-looking column being visible miles away. It was scattered in spray for a long distance around the well, making it impossible to continue operations on adjacent properties, owing to the danger of fire.

A hundred-barrel well is a good one, and a well that yielded 2,000 barrels daily had been regarded as a phenomenon. Such a gusher as the Lakeview was beyond all previous calculations, and the problem of saving and storing its enormous output was no easy one. The tanks that had been provided were like infantile clothing for a giant. As many men and teams as could be secured at double rates of pay were put to work, night and day, building earthen reservoirs.

Finally, a dam was thrown across a canyon a mile from the well, and a million-barrel reservoir formed. Fortunately a pipe line just completed between the interior oil fields and tidewater passes near the well, and soon oil was running through it to tank steamers.

Controlling the Output.

In the meantime there was another problem, that of controlling the flow of the well, so that more of the output might be saved—for much was being lost by scattering, and by evaporation and percolation—and to remove the danger to adjacent property. The tubing or casing that is put down from top to bottom of an oil well can ordinarily be capped by the use of valves at the top of the well, but with the Lakeview that was impossible. There was no practical method of applying weights or force sufficient to restrain the great pressure coming up from the depths of the earth; and had it been possible to do so, the destruction of the casing and the ruin of the well would probably have resulted.

Such a problem had never been presented to oil men before. But, after many efforts, it was solved, and the solution seemed as simple as it was efficient.

Working in a shower of oil, a large number of men built rapidly around the top of the well a huge bank, which was buttressed with stones and with sacks of sand and earth. This tank filled quickly with oil, into which the stream of petroleum from the well was shot. With all its speed and force, the outflow could make its way but a few feet above the springy mass of impounded soil.

Thus the monster was fettered. The conquered pressure now expands its final energy in hissing and writhing, making the oil tank boil like some huge caldron. A small river of oil flows as gently as a brook from the well to the reservoirs.

At first it was impossible to approach the well nearer than a mile without being spattered with oil. People who traveled from all parts of the state to see the gusher watched it from adjacent hills. Now visitors can go within a few feet of the well. They are watched constantly by more than a score of guards, whose principal business it is to see that there are no lighted cigars or matches that might start a conflagration.

Like the Other Kind.

It was in a "down east" village that the young man met his sweetheart, a charming country beauty. When he returned to the city he sent her a jar of cold cream to keep her cheeks as fresh as the budding rose.

On his next visit he asked her how she liked his little gift.

"The taste was very nice," she said, with a rather sickly smile, "but I think that I like the other kind of cream best, dear."—Lippincott's.

HIS HANDS CRACKED OPEN

"I am a man seventy years old. My hands were very sore and cracked open on the insides for over a year with large sores. They would crack open and bleed, itch, burn and ache so that I could not sleep and could do but little work. They were so bad that I could not dress myself in the morning. They would bleed and the blood dropped on the floor. I called on two doctors, but they did me no good. I could get nothing to do any good till I got the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. About a year ago my daughter got a cake of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment and in one week from the time I began to use them my hands were all healed up and they have not been a mite sore since. I would not be without the Cuticura Remedies.

"They also cured a bad sore on the hand of one of my neighbor's children, and they think very highly of the Cuticura Remedies. John W. Hasty, So. Effingham, N. H., Mar. 5, and Apr. 11, '09."

He Knew.

A small boy brought up by a fire-eating father to hate anything connected with England or the English was consigned recently to eat dinner with the nurse while the family entertained a genuine English lord in the dining room. The grown-ups' meal had come to that "twenty minutes past" stage where conversation halts directly, when a childish treble fell upon the dumb-waiter shaft from the kitchen. This is what the astonished nobleman heard:

"Fe, fi. fo, fum,

"I smell the blood of an Englishmun."—Wasp.

What Did Your Shirtwaist Cost?

Whether you bought it ready to wear, or had it made, or made it for yourself, you know that it cost enough, even if it is pretty and fresh and clean. And if it is frayed and soiled and worn and homely looking after it has been in the wash three or four times, it has cost entirely too much. Might as well throw your shirtwaist money away as allow your shirtwaists to be washed with common yellow soap. Easy Task Laundry Soap takes the dirt and leaves the goods as they were. Your grocer is selling lots of it at five cents a cake.

Just Guessed.

"Mrs. Wadsworth, I am very glad, indeed, to meet you. But, haven't I had the honor of being introduced to you before? What was your name formerly, if I may ask?"

"My maiden name?"

"No; your name before you were divorced."

"How did you know I had been divorced?"

"Why, hasn't everybody?"

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Poor Prospects.

"Yes," said Miss Passay, "I found a very nice boarding house today, but the only room they had to offer me had a folding bed in it, and I detest those things."

"Of course," remarked Miss Pert, "one can never hope to find a man under a folding bed."—Catholic Standard and Times.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for Infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

More to Be Pitied.

Tramp (to lonely spinster)—Come Missus, arst yer 'usband if 'e ain't got a pair o' trousers to give away.

Spinster (anxious not to expose her solitude)—Sorry, my good man, he—eh—never wears such things.—Punch.

When Rubbers Become Necessary

And your shoes pinch, shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder for the feet. Cures tired, aching feet and takes the sting out of Corns and Bunions. Always use it for Breaking In New shoes and for dancing parties. Sold everywhere 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

When a girl marries for money the devil is usually the best man at the wedding.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A critic is a man who by the light of his own experience explains to others why they, too, have failed.

The future and the past are near relations to the present.

Slightly Mixed.

Two Englishmen were resting at the Red Home inn at Stratford-on-Avon. One of them discovered a print picturing a low, tumbling building underneath which was printed: "The House in Which Shakespeare Was Born." Turning to his friend in mild surprise he pointed to the print. His friend exhibited equal surprise and called a waiter, who assured them of the accuracy of the inscription.

"'Pon my word," said the observing Englishman, shaking his head dubiously. "I thought he was born in a manger!"

AS SOON BE WITHOUT MATCHES AS WITHOUT RESINOL IN THE HOUSE.

Resinol is the never failing article resorted to by my wife for the many bruises, chafings, cuts, burns and accidents of the children and has been our cure-all for years. I have used it in cases of irritation and inflammation and have invariably been relieved almost instantly. We would as soon think of being without matches in our house as without Resinol Ointment.

B. Rush Davenport, Philadelphia, Pa.

Still a Woman.

Hewitt—She is a man in her enjoyment of baseball.

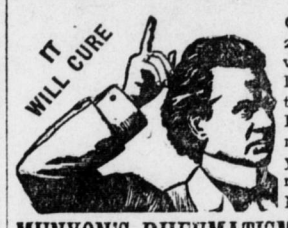
Jewett—But she showed that she is still a woman by refusing to sit through the thirteenth inning.

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY

for Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, $1.00. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c. $1.00. Eye Books and Eye Advice Free by Mail. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

You may call the farmer slow, but he takes more chances from year to year than any dozen men who work inside at a salary.

RHEUMATISM



Get a 25-cent vial. If it fails to cure I will refund your money. Munyon.

MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM CURE

Bad Breath

"For months I had great trouble with my stomach and used all kinds of medicines. My tongue has been actually as green as grass, my breath having a bad odor. Two weeks ago a friend recommended Cascarets and after using them I can willingly and cheerfully say that they have entirely cured me. I therefore let you know that I shall recommend them to any one suffering from such troubles."—Chas. H. Halpern, 114 E. 7th St., New York, N. Y.

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. 923

COINS AND STAMPS

Thousands of coins and stamps that appear ordinary to you command premiums. Many are worth 100 times face value. You might handle some every day and not know it.

Send for free booklet 3

ROYAL MONEY & STAMP CO.
150 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK CITY

Breech Loading Single, $3.95 Double, $6.75 **GUNS** Sportsmen's Supplies. Cheaper than elsewhere Katalog for 4c Stamp POWELL & CLEMENT CO. Cincinnati Ohio

PATENT YOUR IDEAS. They may bring you wealth. 64-page Book Free. Est. 1880. Fitzgerald & Co., Pat. Attys., Box K. Washington, D.C.

W. N. U., CELEVELAND, NO 43-1910.

CONVINCING PROOF

OF THE VIRTUE OF

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

What is the use of procrastinating in the face of such evidence as the following letters represent? If you are a sick woman or know one who is, what sensible reason have you for not giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial? For 30 years we have been publishing such testimonial letters as these—thousands of them—they are genuine and honest, too, every one of them.

Mrs. S. J. Barber says:

"I think Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best medicine in the world for women—and I feel it my duty to let others know the good it has done for me. Three years ago I had a tumor which the doctor said would have to be removed by an operation or I could not live more than a year, or two, at most. I wrote Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for advice, and took 14 bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and today the tumor is gone and I am a perfectly well woman. I hope my testimonial will be of benefit to others." — Mrs. S. J. Barber, Scott, N. Y.

Mrs. George May says:

"No one knows what I have suffered from female troubles, neuralgia pains, and backache. My doctor said he could not give me anything to cure it. Through the advice of a friend I began to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and the pain soon disappeared. I continued its use and am now in perfect health. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been a God-send to me as I believe I should have been in my grave if it had not been for Mrs. Pinkham's advice and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound." —Mrs. George May, 86 4th Ave., Paterson, N. J.

Mrs. E. F. Hayes says:

"I was under the doctor's treatment for a fibroid tumor. I suffered with pain, soreness, bloating, and could not walk or stand on my feet any length of time. I wrote to Mrs. Pinkham for advice, followed her directions and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. To-day I am a well woman, the tumor was expelled and my whole system strengthened. I advise all women who are afflicted with tumors or female troubles to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound." — Mrs. E. F. Hayes, 1890 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

Mrs. W. K. Housh says:

"I have been completely cured of a severe female trouble by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and want to recommend it to all suffering women." — Mrs. W. K. Housh, 7 Eastview Ave., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Because your case is a difficult one, doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has cured many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, etc.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS

$3 $3.50 & $4 SHOES FOR MEN & WOMEN

BOYS' SHOES, $2.00 $2.50 AND $3.00.

W. L. Douglas $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes are positively the best made and most popular shoes for the price in America, and are the most economical shoes for you to buy.

Do you realize that my shoes have been the standard for over 30 years, that I make and sell more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the U.S., and that DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR, I GUARANTEE MY SHOES to hold their shape, look and fit better, and wear longer than any other $3.00, $3.50 or $4.00 shoes you can buy? Quality counts. It has made my shoes THE LEADERS OF THE WORLD.

You will be pleased when you buy my shoes because of the fit and appearance, and when it comes time for you to purchase another pair, you will be more than pleased because the last ones wore so well, and gave you so much comfort.

CAUTION! None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. **TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE**

If your dealer cannot supply you with W. L. Douglas Shoes, write for Mail Order Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, 145 Spark Street, Brockton, Mass.

FOR **PINK EYE** DISTEMPER CATARRHAL FEVER AND ALL NOSE AND THROAT DISEASES

Cures the skin and acts as a preventive for others. Liquid given on the tongue. Safe for brood mares and all others. Best kidney remedy; 50 cents and $1.00 a bottle; $5.00 and $10.00 the dozen. Sold by all druggists and horse goods houses, or sent express paid, by the manufacturers.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists. GOSHEN, INDIANA

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

Third Anniversary of Emporium's Greatest Store

This week we complete our Third Business Year in Emporium. Thanks to the liberal patronage of the people of Cameron county we have been successful from the moment we opened our doors.

We endeavor at all times to show the very latest and most up to date merchandise in the market, and our buying and selling on a strictly cash basis enables us to sell at lowest possible prices. This policy we shall follow in the future as we have in the past.

We are going to Celebrate our Third Business Birthday next Friday and Saturday, November 4th and 5th

By giving to our customers several hundred dollars worth of pretty and useful presents. There will be a gift with every dollars worth of goods purchased on these two days.

With every $1.00 purchase we will give a very pretty piece of Bric a Brac.

With every $2.00 purchase we will give a handsome pressed Glass Bowl or Compot.

With every $5.00 purchase we will give a fine Plaster Paris Bust.

With every $10.00 purchase we will give a splendid gold Iridescent Glass Punch Bowl.

With every $15.00 purchase we will give a beautiful Sofa Pillow, hand made Caronation Braid Pattern.

With every $25 purchase we will give an elegant White Lace Trimmed Muslin Peticoat, value $3.00, or a Fine Toilet Set in fancy box worth $5.00.

You can take your choice of any of those articles if you buy for more than $1.00 worth, say for instance you buy $7.00 then you can get two pieces Pressed Glass and three pieces Bric a Brac or any other combination according to the value of your purchase.

Remember the days, Friday and Saturday, Nov. 4th and 5th. This Week.

R. KUEHNE.

Breezy County News

MEDIX RUN.

Pay day at the Tannery.

Mrs. Oscar Coulburn visited relatives at DuBois this week.

Mrs. Guy Leshbaugh is on the sick list.

Mrs. Lewis Krise, who has been seriously ill, is much better at this writing.

Pat Maloney, of Lock Haven, transacted business in town on Friday.

They have organized a lodge of Phocahontas here. The degree team from DuBois will be down Saturday to do the work.

A free dance was given in Robinson's Hall, Halloween night, for the married people. No young people were in it.

Thos. Smith purchased a new piano last week.

The Hay Makers met on Thursday evening and enjoyed an oyster supper at the restaurant. A large number of members were present and all enjoyed the feast.

A number of young ladies from this place were Benezette visitors Saturday evening.

Mrs. J. R. Russell, who went to Ridgway Hospital some time ago, is a little better.

T. H. Garrity was at DuBois on business Thursday.

Morris Presney was a Sinnamahoning visitor last week.

POWETAN.

CAMERON.

Chas. Shives and lady friend, of Emporium, visited friends in this place Sunday.

Miss Clara Entrees, of Emporium, visited friends in this place Sunday.

The Brick Co., has closed work for the year after a very prosperous season.

Ed. Stuart, Jr., who has been working in Detroit, returned home Friday to spend the winter.

Miss Nancy Moore returned home Sunday after a weeks' visit with friends at First Fork.

Susie Sullivan, of Sterling Run, visited her parents Sunday.

Half-inch snow Friday. Half-inch ice Monday. It is coming our way now.

Our Calithumpians held their annual celebration of Hallowe'en and destruction followed in their wake. Boys, it's all right to have your fun, but I am afraid you went a little too far in the line of destruction of property.

KATE.

Local news on every page.

HUNTLEY.

Wright Mason, of Pine Stree, was at pleasant caller in town on Sunday.

C. W. Johnson made a business trip to DuBois on Monday.

Kale Swartz and Eugene Devling, of Sterling Run, were callers in town on Sunday.

Miss Glady and Carrie Hill, of Grove Hill, were callers in town on Thursday.

T. W. Kailburn wes a businoss caller at Sterling Run Saturday.

Miss Mattie Collins, County Supt., called on her brotner, B. J. Collins, Sunday.

A. W. Smith had the misfortune to loose his pet hawk, which died from blood poison of the tongue. It had just gotten so it could say a few words, but owing to the long split, which was cut in its tongue it became much irritated in pronouncing the techiual terms which its master was teaching it to say and blood poison set in causing the death of the poor creature.

J. S. Jordan has the bear traps bated and we expect he will make a good haul soon.

B. J. Collins has finished digging his big potato crop, which amounted to about 800 bushels.

C. U. Lupro, of Emporium was a pleasant caller in town on Tuesday.

C. W. Johnson was a business caller at Driftwood on Friday.

Mrs. C. J. Miller transacted business at Emporium on Friday.

Mrs. W. R. Smith called on her sister, Mrs. William Wheaton, at Sinnamahoning, on Friday.

Miss Frieda Collins called on her cousin, Miss Rena Jordan, at Emporium on Friday.

SPORT.

FIRST FORK

Mrs. Mary Logue, familiarly known as "Aunt Mary" wife of M. J. Logue, passed to the "great beyond" on Thursday morning, Oct. 27th, aged 62 years. Funeral services were conducted by Rev. F. Lawson, of Westport, Pa., on Sunday, Oct. 30th, and burial made in Gilmore cemetery, near her three children, who had gone before. The Rev. based his remarks on Heb. 11-10. Undertaker Grabe; of Austin, had charge of the funeral. She leaves to mourn her death, a husband and two daughters, Mrs. Verne Beckner, of Laurel, Miss., and Miss Clella at home; also a brother, Ed. Gillespie, of Potter county, all of whom were present at the funeral. Numerous relatives and friends were down from Potter county to attend the funeral.

The first snow of the season fell on the 28th and up to the time of writing it has been freezing nights.

Mrs. T. J. King, of Williamsport and Miss Delia Phillips, of Bellevue Hospital, N. Y. City, were visiting their aunt, Mrs. R. M. Williams, returned to their respective homes on Monday Miss Della has charge of the admittance room at the Bellevue, when on duty. Will be at her post again on Wednesday.

Mrs. Amanda Russell and son, of Mabaha, O., is visiting at her fathers, Mr. Joan Caldwell, also other relatives in this vicinity.

Henry Caldwell and wife, of Sinnamahoning, were up to the funeral on Sunday, also Mr. and Mrs. Joe Haynes. Marion Shutt, of Owego, was also present.

John Thilegas came near a serious accident one day last week, his team going over the bank and did not get injured but little, His wife jumped and escaped serious injury.

NUF SED.

For Sale.

Two teams of young colts for sale, Team two and three years, $250. One yearling team, $150. Apply to

J. B. HAYNES,
Sinnamahoning, Pa.

38 3t.

NORTH CREEK.

Harry Hockman and wife, and Myrtle Lewis, visited relations and friends in Emporium and West Creek, Thursday and Friday.

Willis McClellahan and Everill Housler visited in Emporium on Thursday.

Mrs. Lluella Solveson had the misfortune to fall from a chair, (the chair tipping,) Friday, while hanging wall decorations. She received injuries which, while feeling painful, are not considered dangerous. Dr. Fair attended her. We hope she will soon be on foot again.

Mrs. May McClenahan and children were visitors to the city last week returning Friday.

Mrs. Henry Auchu, of Emporium, drove through our valley Saturday.

Ernest Peasley, of Rich Valley, called on friends here on Saturday.

Another accident. While Charles Barr was using a potato digger, the horses became fractious, backing over a bank, throwing Mr. Barr in a dangerous position under the machine. He received a number of painful bruises.

Mrs. S. M. Housler and her brother, Milton Griffin, returned home a few days ago, after a long sojourn in Tioga county. They attended a re-union and visited many relatives and friends at Westfield and vicinity.

Mrs. Charles Barr, who is sick with pneumonia is improving.

Hazel Chandler visited with friends in Emporium over Sunday, returning home Monday evening.

Miss Ethel Walters returned to her home at Frewsburg, N. Y. She was accompanied by her cousin, Mrs. Ethel Housler.

Winnie Chandler and Bertha Britton are on the sick list.

Elihu Chadwick called on friends here and was guest at the home of Mrs. Solveson, Saturday.

The Misses Maggie and Lizzie Moon are visiting with Mrs. Ed. Cool and family this week.

Mrs. Bernice Moore visited her sister, Mrs. Solveson, Sunday.

Rex McLeod is helping his uncle Henry, this week, harvesting potatoes.

V. M. Dow, Ed. Morgan, Thomas Britton and and Wm. F. Lewis went to Emporium Saturday.

Ralph Woodcock is staying with his aunt, May McClenahan, and attending school at this place.

Warren Moore is harvesting his corn and potatoes. He drove home Monday with a large load.

Hallowe'en was spent very quietly in this valley.

A number of our residents are making improvements and conveniences about their homes preparatory to the soon coming winter.

Sauer Kraut parties are the latest fad. Where is the next one to be? Kraut eaten as fast as made. Therefore, if you want some for future use, better make your own.

The members of the Sunshine Circle are requested to be present at the home of Mrs. L. A. Chandler, Saturday, Nov. 5th, at one o'clock. Some special arrangements to be made. Will also admit any who may wish to become members.

BLUE JAY.

Who thinks regular pay rolls help a county?

Hon. Josiah Howard.

No stationery store can set before you a better showing, at as low prices, 50 per cent. discount on all stationery.

DODSON'S DRUG STORE.

SINNAMAHONING.

Mrs. Espy and Mrs. Shafer spent Friday in Emporium.

Misses Grace Lupold, Theo. Pensrith, Ethel Smith, Rena Wykoff, Helen Counsil, Dr. and Mrs. Gray, and Rebecca Buttorf, heard the Vassar Girls on Thursday evening at Emporium.

Rev. R. W. Runyan and wife spent Thursday with Rev. J. F. Anderson, at Emporium.

Mr. A. W. Phillips, C. H. Cordie, and Harry Elliot, attended the dance at Emporium Wednesday evening.

Miss Myrtle Shafer, Mrs. Jos. Strayer and Mrs. Amos Swartwood spent Thursday in Emporium.

Miss Alice Shafer was the guest of Miss Nellie Huntley, at Emporium last week.

Dr. and Mrs. C. W. Gray, spent Sunday evening in Driftwood.

Miss Ethel Runyan was the guest of Miss Jessie Anderson, last week.

Miss Helen Counsil, very delightfully entertained at a Hallowe'en party on Monday evening in honor of her guests, Misses Calfisch, of Keating Summit, and Miss Miles, of Milesburg.

Mrs. Nathan Silin and children, have returned from New York, where they spent several weeks.

The M. G. R. Club met at the home of Miss Counsils last week. Those present were: Mrs. Jennie Krebs, Mrs. Anna Fulton, Miss Bertha Fulton, Mrs. Haskins, Mrs. Jas. Counsil, Mrs. Clyde Krebs, and Mrs. C. W. Gray.

Nov. 1, 1910. X. Y. Z.

HICKS RUN

Herman Erhart, of Kittanning, is spending his vacation at Hicks Run.

Mr. and Mrs. John Berfield have returned to their home after spending a week at Pittsburg

J. E. DuBois' big mill started the night tour on Nov. 2nd.

J. P. McNarney, of Emporium, was a caller in town on Tuesday.

Rex Berfield has resigned his job at carpenter work at Kittanning and has accepted a position as driver of Ed. Whitcomb's livery team.

Hon. Josiah Howard and Ed. H. Gregory, of Emporium, were Hicks Run callers on Tuesday.

William J. Mix and daughter Margaret, transacted business at DuBois on Saturday

Elmer Eiselman moved his family to Kittanning on Monday.

Nov. 1 1910, W. E. B.

What our county needs is a larger variety of industries, so that laboring men may have a better chance to develop themselves, Vote for Hon. Josiah Howard, who is progressive, honest and capable and is helping to establish steady pay-rolls for men, women and young ladies.

A Common Cold.

The first feeling of a Common Cold is lassitude and weekness; followed by Sneezing, Coughing and Sore Throat.

If Humphreys' "Seventy-seven" is taken at the "first feeling"—the Cold disappears.

If treatment is delayed, it takes longer, but the Cold yields to "Seventy-seven" at any stage.

A small vial of pleasant pellets, fits the vest pocket.

At all dealers in medicine 25c, or mailed.

Humphreys' Homeo. Co., Cor. William and Ann Streets, New York. 7c.4.

SINNAMAHONING.

V. A. Brooks, A. J. Barclay and Amos Bennett were up in Stillhouse Run last week, estimating timber on Barclay Brothers lands.

Hyde & Murphy are busy at Geo. P. Shafer's new hotel, getting ready for Election on November 8th.

Mrs. L. E. Smith chaperoned a party of young people to Hunter's Paradise, in Cook's Run, last Sunday. All had a good time.

J. Henry Logue and James Donley have dissolved partnership at Hunter's Rest. J. Henry has gone to the wilds of Potter county to trap for badgers.

Quite a number of our young people were out on Hallowe'en. They must have had a good time by the noise they made. One kid got at the scholl bell but he went a little too far and and the way he begged to be let go was a caution. Some of the boys started to run a wagon into Counsil Brothers new store and ran against a circumstance and left pretty suddenly, glad to get off without any bruises.

Quite a few rabbits were captured on Tuesday. The boys are busy building box traps.

G. J. Shafer, of Benezette, was in town this week with a load of fine honey.

Washington Camp, No. 136, P. O. S. of A., held an oyster supper and smoker last Tuesday evening. All present had a good time and those that were not there missed it.

Charles and Herman Krebs are after the big bear that ate Johnson's bee tree,

Camp No. 122, P. O. of A., held one of their select suppers and socials last Tuesday evening. Eighty-seven sat down to the tables and partook of the good things that were served. Visitors from out of town were present and all had a good time.

Sinnamahoning Lodge, No. 1138, I. O. O. F., will have a smoker on Saturday evening and will serve baked and fried eels, sandwiches and coffee. Brothers don't miss it.

C. F. VanGordon, of Renovo, was a pleasant visitor at I. O. O. F. Lodge on Saturday evening Come again brother. No. 1138 has warm feeling for the Renovo Brothers.

Jim Batchelder captured a bear and wild cat last week. He gathered in some of the rabbits he has been feeding. They were nice and fat.

Wilson Peasley is after the big bear on Temple Hill this fall, the same one that was seen out there by Frank Wolf. Frank said that it was bigger than his horse and offers fifty dollars for him dead or alive.

The First Fork hunters, who had their stretchers all ready to carry in their bears alive, don't get much chance to use them.

Contractor has a crew of men shipping derricks and tools this week.

William Spence, who has been trapping in Cooks Run, moved in this week without any bears.

A. D. Gore and Son are putting out some fine buckwheat flour these days. They are putting in a corn seller and will soon be grinding feed.

While you are preparing for the winter it will save you money by calling at Crum Bro's store, where they carry a large line of winter underwear. Cheap too.

The people of Sinnamahoning are making arrangements to purchase a chemical engine, for fire protection. About all the money has been subscribed. Dr. C. W. Gray is chairman of the committee.

Theodore Kephear, of Laquin, is visiting with his family a few days this week.

Politics are very quiet here this fall. J. D. Marshall was around visiting his democratic friends last week.

DEBSE

Celery for Sale.

H. W. Graham has home-grown celery for sale, at his residence, Fifth street. 35-2t.

Not Sorry for Blunder.

"If my friends had'nt blundered in thinking I was a doomed victim of consumption, I might not be alive now," writes D. T. Sanders, of Harrodsburg, Ky., "but for years they saw every attempt to cure a lung-racking cough fail. At last I tried Dr. King's New Discovery. The effect was wonderful. It soon stopped the cough and I now am in better health than I have had for years. This wonderful life-saver is an unrivaled remedy for coughs, colds, lagrippe, asthma, croup, hemorrhages, whooping cough or weak lungs. 50c, $1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by all druggists.

Trying to Save His Life.

When we say that Sexine Pills are responsible for many a happy person in this world today we are not exaggerating a bit. There is no tonic builder equal to Sexine Pills, and I will show you that it will not cost you a cent to try them, for they are guaranteed. Price, $1 a box, 6 boxes $5. Sold by R. C. Dodson, Druggist, Emporium, where they sell all the principal remedies and do not substitute.

Croup is most prevalent during the dry, cold weather of the early winter months. Parents of young children should be prepared for it. All that is needed is a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Many mothers are never without it in their homes and it has never disappointed them. Sold by all dealers.

Dressed in "Black and Yellow."

Not "Football Colors" but the color of carton containing Foley's Honey and Tar the best and safest cough remedy for all coughs and colds. Do not accept a substitute but see that you get the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar in a yellow carton with black letters. For sale by Emporium Drug Co.

Mr. Otto Paul, Milwaukee, Wis., says Foley's Honey and Tar is still more than the best. He writes us, "All those that bought it think it is the best for coughs and colds they ever had and I think it is still more than the best. Our baby had a bad cold and it cured him in one day. Please accept thanks." Sold by Emporium Drug Co.

Lame back comes on suddenly and is extremely painful. It is caused by rheumatism of the muscles. Quick relief is afforded by applying Chamberlain's Liniment. Sold by all dealers.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Sarah Folger Coleman, late of the Borough of Emporium, County of Cameron, Deceased.

LETTERS of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims to present the same without delay to

B. W. GREEN, Administrator.

Emporium, Pa., Oct. 26, 1910.—38-4t.